

Seller disclosure statement



Queensland
Government

Property Law Act 2023 section 99

Form 2, Version 1 | Effective from: 1 August 2025

WARNING TO BUYER – This statement contains important legal and other information about the property offered for sale. You should read and satisfy yourself of the information in this statement before signing a contract. You are advised to seek legal advice before signing this form. You should not assume you can terminate the contract after signing if you are not satisfied with the information in this statement.

WARNING – You must be given this statement before you sign the contract for the sale of the property.

This statement does not include information about:

- » flooding or other natural hazard history
- » structural soundness of the building or pest infestation
- » current or historical use of the property
- » current or past building or development approvals for the property
- » limits imposed by planning laws on the use of the land
- » services that are or may be connected to the property
- » the presence of asbestos within buildings or improvements on the property.

You are encouraged to make your own inquiries about these matters before signing a contract. You may not be able to terminate the contract if these matters are discovered after you sign.

Part 1 – Seller and property details

Seller **Heritage and People's Choice Limited ACN 087 651 125 as successor in law to Heritage Bank Limited ACN 087 652 024 pursuant to Certificate of Transfer issued by APRA on 27 January 2023 (a copy of which certificate was annexed with dealing no. 722451453) as mortgagee exercising power of sale under mortgage no. 719944856**

Property address
(referred to as the
"property" in this
statement)

16 TODWANA COURT, GLENVALE QLD 4350

Lot on plan description

223/RP867546

Community titles scheme
or BUGTA scheme:

Is the property part of a community titles scheme or a BUGTA scheme:

☐ **Yes**

☒ **No**

*If Yes, refer to Part 6 of this statement
for additional information*

*If No, please disregard Part 6 of this statement
as it does not need to be completed*

Part 2 – Title details, encumbrances and residential tenancy or rooming accommodation agreement

**Residential
tenancy or
rooming
accommodation
agreement**

The property has been subject to a residential tenancy agreement or a rooming accommodation agreement under the *Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008* during the last 12 months.

☐ **Yes**

☒ **No**

If **Yes**, when was the rent for the premises or each of the residents' rooms last increased? (*Insert date of the most recent rent increase for the premises or rooms*)

Note—Under the *Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008* the rent for a residential premises may not be increased earlier than 12 months after the last rent increase for the premises.

As the owner of the property, you may need to provide evidence of the day of the last rent increase. You should ask the seller to provide this evidence to you prior to settlement.

Part 4 – Buildings and structures

WARNING TO BUYER – The seller does not warrant the structural soundness of the buildings or improvements on the property, or that the buildings on the property have the required approval, or that there is no pest infestation affecting the property. You should engage a licensed building inspector or an appropriately qualified engineer, builder or pest inspector to inspect the property and provide a report and also undertake searches to determine whether buildings and improvements on the property have the required approvals.

Swimming pool	There is a relevant pool for the property.	☐ Yes	☒ No
	If a community titles scheme or a BUGTA scheme – a shared pool is located in the scheme.	☐ Yes	☐ No
	Pool compliance certificate is given.	☐ Yes	☐ No
	OR		
	Notice of no pool safety certificate is given.	☐ Yes	☐ No
Unlicensed building work under owner builder permit	Building work was carried out on the property under an owner builder permit in the last 6 years.	☐ Yes	☒ No
	<i>A notice under section 47 of the Queensland Building and Construction Commission Act 1991 must be given by the seller and you may be required to sign the notice and return it to the seller prior to signing the contract.</i>		
Notices and orders	There is an unsatisfied show cause notice or enforcement notice under the <i>Building Act 1975</i> , section 246AG, 247 or 248 or under the <i>Planning Act 2016</i> , section 167 or 168.	☐ Yes	☒ No
	The seller has been given a notice or order, that remains in effect, from a local, State or Commonwealth government, a court or tribunal, or other competent authority, requiring work to be done or money to be spent in relation to the property.	☐ Yes	☒ No
	<i>If Yes, a copy of the notice or order must be given by the seller.</i>		
Building Energy Efficiency Certificate	If the property is a commercial office building of more than 1,000m ² , a Building Energy Efficiency Certificate is available on the Building Energy Efficiency Register.		
Asbestos	The seller does not warrant whether asbestos is present within buildings or improvements on the property. Buildings or improvements built before 1990 may contain asbestos. Asbestos containing materials (ACM) may have been used up until the early 2000s. Asbestos or ACM may become dangerous when damaged, disturbed, or deteriorating. Information about asbestos is available at the Queensland Government Asbestos Website (asbestos.qld.gov.au) including common locations of asbestos and other practical guidance for homeowners.		

Part 6 – Community titles schemes and BUGTA schemes

(If the property is part of a community titles scheme or a BUGTA scheme this Part must be completed)

WARNING TO BUYER – If the property is part of a community titles scheme or a BUGTA scheme and you purchase the property, you will become a member of the body corporate for the scheme with the right to participate in significant decisions about the scheme and you will be required to pay contributions towards the body corporate's expenses in managing the scheme. You will also be required to comply with the by-laws. By-laws will regulate your use of common property and the lot.

For more information about living in a body corporate and your rights and obligations, contact the Office of the Commissioner for Body Corporate and Community Management.

Body Corporate and Community Management Act 1997

The property is included in a community titles scheme.
(If Yes, complete the information below)

☐ Yes ☒ No

Community Management Statement

A copy of the most recent community management statement for the scheme as recorded under the *Land Title Act 1994* or another Act is given to the buyer.

☐ Yes

Note—If the property is part of a community titles scheme, the community management statement for the scheme contains important information about the rights and obligations of owners of lots in the scheme including matters such as lot entitlements, by-laws and exclusive use areas.

Body Corporate Certificate

A copy of a body corporate certificate for the lot under the *Body Corporate and Community Management Act 1997*, section 205(4) is given to the buyer.

☐ Yes ☐ No

If No— An explanatory statement is given to the buyer that states:

☐ Yes

- » a copy of a body corporate certificate for the lot is not attached; and
- » the reasons under section 6 of the *Property Law Regulation 2024* why the seller has not been able to obtain a copy of the body corporate certificate for the lot.

Statutory Warranties

Statutory Warranties—If you enter into a contract, you will have implied warranties under the *Body Corporate and Community Management Act 1997* relating to matters such as latent or patent defects in common property or body corporate assets; any actual, expected or contingent financial liabilities that are not part of the normal operating costs; and any circumstances in relation to the affairs of the body corporate that will materially prejudice you as owner of the property. There will be further disclosure about warranties in the contract.

Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980

The property is included in a BUGTA scheme
(If Yes, complete the information below)

☐ Yes ☐ No

Body Corporate Certificate

A copy of a body corporate certificate for the lot under the *Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980*, section 40AA(1) is given to the buyer.

☐ Yes ☐ No

If No— An explanatory statement is given to the buyer that states:

☐ Yes

- » a copy of a body corporate certificate for the lot is not attached; and
- » the reasons under section 7 of the *Property Law Regulation 2024* why the seller has not been able to obtain a copy of the body corporate certificate for the lot.

Note—If the property is part of a BUGTA scheme, you will be subject to by-laws approved by the body corporate and other by-laws that regulate your use of the property and common property.

Queensland Titles Registry Pty Ltd
ABN 23 648 568 101

Title Reference:	50021827	Search Date:	03/06/2026 11:37
Date Title Created:	14/10/1994	Request No:	56374474
Previous Title:	18745149		

ESTATE AND LAND

Estate in Fee Simple

LOT 223 REGISTERED PLAN 867546
Local Government: TOOWOOMBA

REGISTERED OWNER

Dealing No: 702093382 16/07/1997

RAYMOND CRAIG ROBARTS
ELIZABETH MAY ROBARTS

JOINT TENANTS

EASEMENTS, ENCUMBRANCES AND INTERESTS

1. Rights and interests reserved to the Crown by
Deed of Grant No. 10011002 (POR 442)
2. MORTGAGE No 719944856 09/03/2020 at 16:06
HERITAGE BANK LIMITED A.C.N. 087 652 024

ADMINISTRATIVE ADVICES

NIL

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS

NIL

Caution - Charges do not necessarily appear in order of priority

** End of Current Title Search **

LOCATION: 16 Todwana Court, GLENVALE QLD 4350

BALANCE OUTSTANDING SUMMARY:

Rates & Charges Previous Arrears	6,218.81
Gross Rates Levy to 30/06/2026	1,915.37
Interest – (See Additional Comments)	0.00
LESS: Pensioner Rebate	-220.16
Payments	0.00
Discount Allowed	0.00
Gross Outstanding	\$7,914.02
Overpayments	0.00
Refunds	0.00
Pending Discount	0.00
Balance Outstanding	\$7,914.02
Property Related Debt	\$0.00

Please go to www.tr.qld.gov.au/reaalestateportal or contact the Customer Service Centre on 131 872 on or before settlement date to confirm the current rate balance as further rates, charges or interest may have been charged or a payment received.

WATER METER INFORMATION:

Gross Water Consumption Charge 0.00

Meter Number: 05W866542
Meter Size: RES 20MM 5 DIGITS
Strata Title Share:

Billed to:	05/12/2025	Reading	4032
2nd Half of 2025/2026 Water Year	Date	Reading	Consumption
Start Reading	12/06/2025	4032	
End Reading	05/12/2025	4032	0
1st Half of 2026/2027 Water Year	Date	Reading	Consumption
Start Reading	05/12/2025	4032	
Final Reading Meter 05W866542 replaced	13/01/2026	4032	0
Initial Reading Meter	13/01/2026	1	
TRC2101S059790 Installed			

RESIDENTIAL

Bulk Water Supply & Low Flow Consumption charges for the 2025/2026 water year:

1st tier charge of \$3.18 per kilolitre will apply to consumption up to 100 kilolitres.

2nd tier charge of \$5.42 per kilolitre will apply to consumption above 100 kilolitres.

Discount does not apply to the water consumption charges.

WATER INFRASTRUCTURE CHARGE INFORMATION: 01/01/2026 – 30/06/2026

The water infrastructure charge and water consumption charge are levied as part of the water rate notice and issued separately. Each meter connected to the property will attract a water infrastructure charge based on the size of the meter/s. Where water is available to unimproved vacant land and is not connected the base infrastructure charge is shown below. Please adjust at settlement. See details of water infrastructure charges with meter sizes listed below.

LOCATION: 16 Todwana Court, GLENVALE QLD 4350

ADDITIONAL COMMENTS:

- Pensioner rebates will only be allowed on a pro-rata basis to the date of sale and the rates account will be adjusted to reflect actual rebate to this date only. In the event that the rebate is not calculated on a pro-rata basis on settlement, advice reflecting the full rates from the date of sale will be sent to the purchaser.
- A search of the Environmental Management Register (EMR) and Contaminated Land Register (CLR) is recommended to anyone purchasing land in Queensland. Contact the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) on 1300 130 372.
- Interest at the rate of 8.5% is charged half-yearly on rates and charges that remain unpaid at the end of the financial year they were due and payable. Interest is charged on the 30 June and 31 December.
- Discount applies to the general rate, sewerage charge and water infrastructure charge for residential properties.
- **This search is a summary of information available to Council as at the date of issue. It does not purport to reply to all questions raised in a search. The Council holds copyright in the information hereby provided. The Council accepts no responsibility for the accuracy of the information provided.**
- Council will issue rate notices for general rates and other charges (other than water utility charges) half yearly (in August/September and February/March). Separate rate notices for water utility charges will also be issued half yearly (in October/November and April/May).
- The water rate notices issued 24 April 2026 and due 27 May 2026.

Rates and Land Information Team



WATER CHARGES:

District Land Serviced by Bulk Water Supply or Low Flow Water Supply

Second Half of 2025/2026 Water Year Residential

The 1st tier consumption charge of \$3.18 per kilolitre applies to all water consumed up to 100 kilolitres per water cycle.

The 2nd tier consumption charge of \$5.42 per kilolitre applies to all water consumed above 100 kilolitres per water cycle.

First Half of 2026/2027 Water Year Residential

Water consumption charges for the 2026/2027 water year are not available. Consumption charges will be adopted in July 2026 as part of the 2026/2027 Council Budget.

Second Half of 2026/2027 Water Year Residential

Water consumption charges for the 2026/2027 water year are not available. Consumption charges will be adopted in July 2026 as part of the 2026/2027 Council Budget.

Please note that the water infrastructure charge is now levied with the water consumption charge.

Yours faithfully



John Hastie
Supervisor - Water



Department of the Environment, Tourism, Science and Innovation (DETSI)
ABN 46 640 294 485
GPO Box 2454, Brisbane QLD 4001, AUSTRALIA
www.detsi.qld.gov.au

SEARCH RESPONSE
ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT REGISTER (EMR)
CONTAMINATED LAND REGISTER (CLR)

Infotrack Pty Ltd
PO Box 10314
BRISBANE QLD 4000

Transaction ID: 51176836 EMR Site Id: 01 July 2026
Cheque Number:
Client Reference:

This response relates to a search request received for the site:

Lot: 223 Plan: RP867546
16 TODWANA CT
GLENVALE

EMR RESULT

The above site is NOT included on the Environmental Management Register.

CLR RESULT

The above site is NOT included on the Contaminated Land Register.

ADDITIONAL ADVICE

All search responses include particulars of land listed in the EMR/CLR when the search was generated.
The EMR/CLR does NOT include:-

1. land which is contaminated land (or a complete list of contamination) if DETSI has not been notified
2. land on which a notifiable activity is being or has been undertaken (or a complete list of activities) if DETSI has not been notified

If you have any queries in relation to this search please email emr.clr.registry@detsi.qld.gov.au

Administering Authority



Seller Disclosure - Heritage



This report provides information on whether the property is affected by the *Queensland Heritage Act 1992* or is included in the World Heritage List under the *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999 (Cwlth)*. It is designed to support the requirement under the **Property Law Regulation 2024** to disclose whether the property is affected by the aforementioned heritage acts under **Part 3 - Land use, planning and environment** of the **QLD Seller Disclosure Statement**.



Heritage No Records Identified

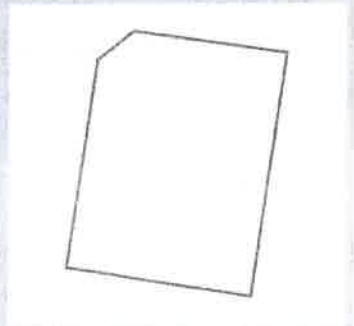
The results below are based on the *Property Law Regulation 2024* and a search of heritage records under:

- the *Queensland Heritage Act 1992* as
 - an entry in the Queensland Heritage Register (QHR) as a Queensland heritage place
 - a current QHR application
 - an excluded place from entry in the QHR
- the *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999* as
 - an inclusion on the World Heritage List

Click Place ID for further information (where available).

Classification	Site	Date Entered	Place ID
No records identified			

LOT/PLAN
Lot 223, RP867546



THINGS TO KNOW

This report does not replace the seller's responsibility to accurately complete the Seller Disclosure Statement.

CUSTOMER SUPPORT

 support@lotsearch.com.au

 lotsearch.com.au

[QBCC website \(https://www.qbcc.qld.gov.au/\)](https://www.qbcc.qld.gov.au/) | [Search a register \(search-a-register\)](#) | [About QBCC \(https://www.qbcc.qld.gov.au/about-us/\)](https://www.qbcc.qld.gov.au/about-us/) | [Legislation \(https://www.qbcc.qld.gov.au/about-us/legislation/\)](https://www.qbcc.qld.gov.au/about-us/legislation/) | [Feedback & Enquiry \(contactsupport\)](#) | [Help \(https://www.qbcc.qld.gov.au/myqbcc-system-requirements-useful-tips/\)](https://www.qbcc.qld.gov.au/myqbcc-system-requirements-useful-tips/)

Scheduled Maintenance Notification: - [More information \(/s/upcoming-maintenance\)](/s/upcoming-maintenance)



Pool Register

Property location

[Show Map](#)

Address

16 TODWANA CT, GLENVALE QLD 4350

Lot on plan (RPD)

223/RP/867546

Council

TOOWOOMBA REGIONAL

Details

No pools are registered for this property.

[Back](#)

[Register pool](#)

[Terms & conditions \(https://www.qbcc.qld.gov.au/myqbcc-terms-conditions/\)](https://www.qbcc.qld.gov.au/myqbcc-terms-conditions/)

[Privacy policy \(https://www.qbcc.qld.gov.au/privacy-policy/\)](https://www.qbcc.qld.gov.au/privacy-policy/)

[Help and support \(https://www.qbcc.qld.gov.au/myqbcc-system-requirements-useful-tips/\)](https://www.qbcc.qld.gov.au/myqbcc-system-requirements-useful-tips/)

[Maintenance \(upcoming-maintenance\)](/s/upcoming-maintenance)

[www.qbcc.qld.gov.au \(https://www.qbcc.qld.gov.au/\)](https://www.qbcc.qld.gov.au/)

m Kedraika

om: Searches <searches@justice.qld.gov.au>
nt: Thursday, 11 June 2026 10:03 AM
i: InfoTrack QLD Property Services
bect: QCAT Search & Copy - 46028252

INTERNAL EMAIL] DO NOT CLICK links or attachments unless you recognise the sender and know the content is safe.

Queensland Civil and Administrative Tribunal Register of Proceedings

request has been made for a copy of any part of the Register of Proceedings kept by the Tribunal in accordance with section 229 of the *Queensland Civil and Administrative Tribunal Act 2009* that relates to the following name:

LIZABETH MAY ROBERTS

search has been conducted of the Register of proceedings. The results are provided below and are current as at **28TH May 2026**.

ur electronic records do not hold details of the middle names of the parties in the matter below and you will need to contact the relevant courthouse to arrange a file inspection if you wish.

Application number	NDR221-18
Applicant/s	ALLISON MCLEAN
Respondent/s	ELIZABETH ROBERTS
Withdrawn	03/01/2019
Where subject matter of proceeding or part of proceeding transferred to another entity under section 52(1):	
Date of transfer	Not applicable
Name of entity transferred to	Not applicable
Details of subject matter of the part that is transferred	Not applicable
Where subject matter of proceeding or part of proceeding transferred to another entity under section 52(2):	
Date of transfer	Not applicable
Name of entity transferred to	Not applicable
Details of matters transferred	Not applicable
Site Address	Not applicable
Final Decision date	Not applicable
Final Decision	Not applicable

or more information regarding accessing QCAT records including file inspections, <https://www.qcat.qld.gov.au/resources/forms/our-online-services/search-and-copy-documents>

nd regards,

onica

Case types / Tree and fence disputes / Tree orders register

Tree orders register

The tree orders register shows orders affecting land made under the Neighbourhood Dispute (Dividing Fences and Trees) Act 2011, including who is responsible for carrying out the order and the timeframe.

You can search for a tree order by entering a suburb, street name, order name (e.g. NDR019) or the name of the applicant or respondent in the matter.

The tree orders register shows orders affecting land made under the *Neighbourhood Dispute (Dividing Fences and Trees) Act 2011*, including who is responsible for carrying out the order and the timeframe.

Orders are added to the register within 14 days of the order being made. The tree register does not list tree dispute applications or pending proceedings. To identify existing applications, you can request a [search of the register of proceedings](#).

No results found.

Search for

Submit

Last updated: 24 March 2026



LOTSEARCH

Spatial Intelligence | Mapping Risk

LOTSEARCH REFERENCE
LS140161_DC

REPORT DATE
03 Jun 2026 11:39:21

CLIENT ID
196392639

COUNCIL
Toowoomba Regional

Seller Disclosure - Contamination Notices



This report provides a search of the public register to support the requirement under the **Property Law Regulation 2024**, of disclosing **contamination and environmental protection notices** under Part 3 – Land use, planning and environment, of the **QLD Seller Disclosure Statement**. This report contains records not included in the DETSI contaminated land search (EMR/CLR).

1. Notices Under Section 408(2) No Records Identified

Records of notices under section 408(2) of the Environmental Protection Act 1994.

A search of **Environmental Evaluations** and **Site Investigations** has been undertaken.

Notice No	Notice Type	Location	Date	Status	Documents
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No records identified

Show Cause Notices, Notices of Decision under Section 394, and Orders under Section 458 are excluded from this search as they are not available on the public register. A separate search of the EMR/CLR will identify sites with Contaminated Land or Site Management Plans under Section 401.

2. Notices Under Section 369C(2) No Records Identified

Records of notices under section 369C(2) of the Environmental Protection Act 1994 (the property is a place or business to which an **Environmental Enforcement Order (EEO)** applies). This includes **Environmental Protection Orders, Direction Notices, and Clean-Up Notices**.

Notice No	Notice Type	Location	Date	Status	Documents
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No records identified

3. Notices Under Section 347(2) No Records Identified

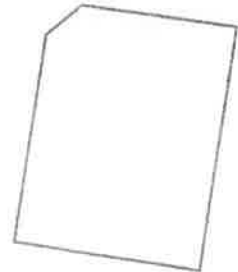
Records of notices under section 347(2) of the Environmental Protection Act 1994 (the property is a place or business to which a **prescribed Transitional Environmental Program (TEP)** applies).

A search of all TEPs has been undertaken, including those that are not prescribed. Prescribed TEPs are those that do not relate to an environmental authority.

Notice No	Notice Type	Location	Date	Status	Documents
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No records identified

LOT/PLAN
Lot 223, RP867546



THINGS TO KNOW

• Seller Responsibility

This report does not replace the seller's responsibility to accurately complete the Seller Disclosure Statement. It is important to read and carefully consider each notice before determining whether it needs to be disclosed. You should seek legal advice about your obligations to disclose notices under the Environmental Protection Act 1994 (QLD).

• Notice Types

Notices identified under section 369C(2) and 347(2) may also apply to Section 408(2).

INTERESTED IN FURTHER INSIGHTS?

This report has been purpose-built to support the Seller Disclosure Statement requirements. For a more comprehensive due diligence search, we recommend the Lotsearch Contaminated Land Search — which identifies additional contamination records for the site and the surrounding area. Visit lotsearch.com.au

CUSTOMER SUPPORT

✉ support@lotsearch.com.au



Seller Disclosure - Zoning



This report provides information on the zoning of a property. It is designed to support the requirement under the **Property Law Regulation 2024** to disclose the zoning of the property under **Part 3 - Land use, planning and environment** of the **QLD Seller Disclosure Statement**.



Zoning

The result below is based on the *Property Law Regulation 2024* and a search of zoning records under:

- the *Economic Development Act 2012* (Priority Development Areas)
- the *State Development and Public Works Organisation Act 1971*
- the *Integrated Resort Development Act 1987*
- the *Mixed Use Development Act 1993*
- the *Sanctuary Cove Resort Act 1985*
- the local planning scheme

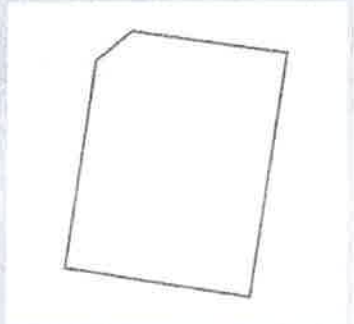
The zoning identified for the property:

Planning Record	Zoning
Local planning scheme	Low Density Residential - General

Temporary Local Planning Instruments (TLPs) may vary the local planning scheme zoning. Please refer to this [website](#) for a list of current TLPs or check with your local council.

Commonwealth and State legislation other than those listed in the *Property Law Regulation 2024* may state that the planning scheme does not apply to certain areas. This includes, but is not limited to, strategic and core port land, priority ports, and certain airport and defence land. This report does not include a notation of these areas. Please consult your local council and the relevant planning scheme for further information.

LOT/PLAN
Lot 223, RP867546



COUNCIL
Toowoomba Regional

THINGS TO KNOW

This report provides zoning information only. The buyer may need to consider other planning controls that may apply to the lot such as local plans and overlays. These can be obtained from the local planning scheme.

This report does not replace the seller's responsibility to accurately complete the Seller Disclosure Statement.

CUSTOMER SUPPORT

support@lotsearch.com.au
 lotsearch.com.au

UTILITY PLANS

03-06-2026

Enquiry Date: 03-06-2026

Address (Lot/Plan):

16 TODWANA COURT, GLENVALE, QLD-
4350, AUS

These plans expire 30 days from supply

In response to your request for Utility Plans, please find the following information:

- Responses from the affected utilities/asset owners.

The following utilities/asset owners have assets on or near your searched property:

Sequence Number	Authority Name	Contact Number
273951642	Telstra QLD Regional	+611800653935
273951640	Ergon QLD	+61131046
273951638	Toowoomba Regional Council	+61131872
273951639	NBN Co Qld	+611800687626
273951641	APA Group Gas Networks (90073)	+611800085628

PelicanCorp

This content was uploaded by APA Group Gas Networks (90073) in response to your Before You Dig enquiry.

Uploaded

03 Jun 2026 11:38:23am

PLEASE NOTE: This is an automated response. Please **DO NOT REPLY** to this email. If you require further information in relation to this Before You Dig response, please contact
BYDA_APA@apa.com.au

Enquiry Details:

Impact	affected
Sequence Number	273951641
Enquirer Id	3576757
Activity	Conveyancing
Job Number	53326889
User Reference	ITJOB 196392635
Message	413187 46028252 [Contact]

Site Details:

Address	16 TODWANA COURT GLENVALE QLD 4350
---------	--

Enquirer's Details:

Contact	Soft Reg
Company	PelicanCorp Pty Ltd
Email	Soft.Reg.3576757@mail.au.pac.pcgcs.com.au
Phone	+61413942837
Address	610 Victoria Street Richmond VIC 3121

APA Group

DOCUMENT CONTROL & APPROVAL INFORMATION

Summary of Changes

Below is a brief summary of the changes made to the document since the previous issued version.

Revision	Description	Date	Author
0.0	Issue for Use	29.06.2018	Matthew Read
1.0	Issued for Use – document periodic update / major overhaul	01.03.2022	Kahil Parsons
2.0	Removal of incorrect table 2 references to 1. proximity of HV cables 2. Updating separation distances to AS2885.3 BYDA reference update Table 4 Note	16.08.2023	Dale Russell

Printed Working Copy

All printed copies of this document are to be used as reference copies only.

It is the responsibility of those with printed copies to ensure that the document is current.

Responsibility

Any amendments to this document will be the responsibility of the document owner.

Control

Controlled Networks documents including templates are published on the Networks National Document Library (NNDL).

All native copies of published controlled Networks documents are managed by NetworksDocLibrary@apa.com.au in accordance with 400-PR-QM-0001, Networks Controlled Documents Development and Review procedure.

5.5.2	Physically Proving Gas Assets	27
5.5.3	Hydro-Vacuum Excavation	28
5.5.4	Mechanical Excavation	29
5.5.6	Protection During Exposure	30
5.5.7	Backfill and Reinstatement	31
5.6	Trenchless Excavation	31
5.7	Piles, Piers or Poles	32
5.8	Hot Works for Construction Activities	32
5.9	Vibration Limits	32
5.10	Compaction Limits	33
5.11	Blasting / Seismic Survey / Explosives	33
5.12	Suspended Materials above Gas Assets and No Go Zones for Cranes	34
5.13	Temporary Materials	34
6	PART 4 - ALTERATION OF EXISTING GAS ASSETS	34
7	GLOSSARY OF TERMS AND ABBREVIATIONS	35
8	DOCUMENT REFERENCES	40
APPENDIX A GENERAL BYDA RESPONSE PROCESS		41

1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Scope of this Document

This document addresses APA's requirements for considering how a third party's proposed works and APA managed works may impact APA Networks operated assets under the following parts:

Part 1 – APA Notification and Authorisation Requirements

Part 2 – Design and Asset Protection Requirements

Part 3 – Construction and Land Use Requirements

Part 4 – Alteration of Existing Gas Assets

APA Networks acts as the asset operator on behalf of entities Australian Gas Networks (AGN), Allgas, APA, Origin and Queensland Nitrates (QNP) and operates in New South Wales, Northern Territory, Queensland, South Australia and Victoria. The criteria provided in this document only applies to the assets managed by APA Networks on behalf of these companies.

APA also owns and operates natural gas transmission infrastructure on all mainland states and territories of Australia. These assets are operated by a separate APA entity and are out of scope for this document.

A glossary of all terms and abbreviations used in this document is contained in **Section 7**.

A list of all relevant external standards and APA reference documents is contained in **Section 8**.

1.2 Asset Types

APA Networks' operated gas assets include buried pipe, above and below ground stations (e.g. pressure regulation, valves, meters), electrical cables, cathodic protection systems (e.g. test points, anode beds), pits and electrical cabinets. Depending on the gas type and the operating pressure, gas assets are classified as natural gas transmission, natural gas distribution and Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG) distribution as shown in **Figure 1**.

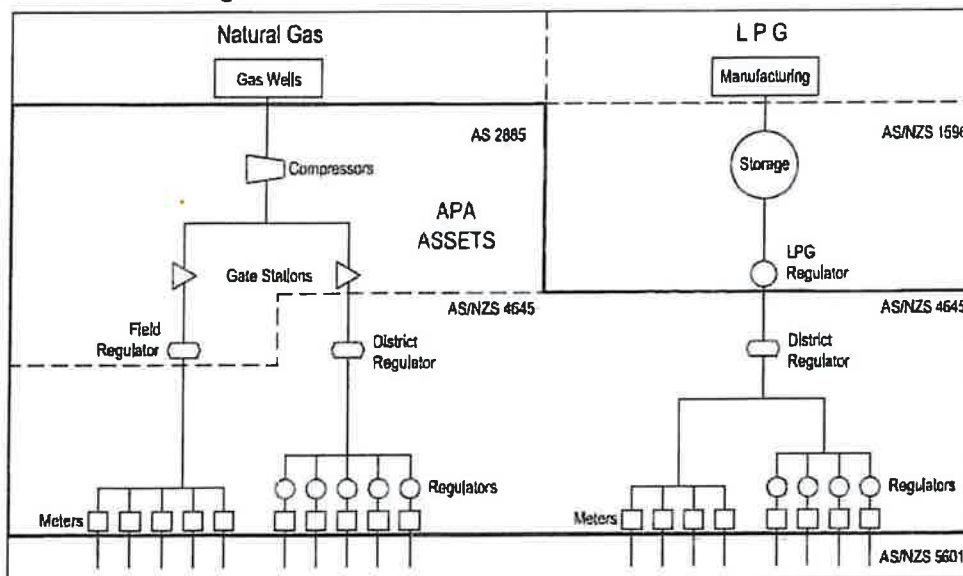


Figure 1 Asset Types and Standards Operated by APA Networks

1.2.1 Natural Gas Transmission

Natural gas transmission pressure assets operate at pressures above 1,050 kPag, and are generally used for transporting large quantities of gas across country. Design, construction and operation of these assets is governed by the AS 2885 suite of Australian Standards (AS).

Due to the higher pressure and energy density, there are severe safety, supply and environmental consequences which can result from third party interference. Hence, more stringent requirements and controls are applied to third party works in the vicinity of these assets.

1.4 General Duty of Care and Responsibility to Obtain Information

Anybody working near a gas asset, or responsible for such work, has a duty of care to exercise caution, to maintain a safe working environment and to meet requirements of all relevant laws and Occupational Health and Safety legislation.

For general enquiries about results from BYDA please contact:

- DBYDNetworksAPA@apa.com.au for Northern Territory, South Australia, Southern New South Wales and Victoria, and;
- PermitsQLD@apa.com.au for Queensland and Northern NSW (incl. Tamworth).

The third party shall make contact with APA through the BYDA process if any clarification is required to determine the approval processes for any proposed land use changes (within the Measurement Length), design works and construction activities within 3 m of a gas asset or within a pipeline easement.

Any works proposed by the third party will only be authorised if APA is satisfied that the works will not affect the integrity of the APA Networks operated assets.

Any person undertaking work near an APA Networks operated asset, or responsible for such work, must ensure that they familiarise themselves with APA requirements.

Working around any gas asset, especially transmission pressure pipelines, without appropriate planning and controls as specified by APA Networks can be extremely dangerous. Damage to a gas asset could result in:

- Possible explosion and fire with the risk of loss of equipment, property, personal injury, and death;
- Loss of gas supply to thousands of customers;
- Substantial repair and gas restoration liability costs to the authority or principal responsible; and,
- Prosecution under the relevant laws governing pipeline and gas safety.

Prior to the commencement of any works within the Protected Zone of transmission pressure or critical gas assets, the Contractor performing the work must receive an Authority to Work Permit (ATWP).

Any works within the Protected Zone of critical assets must comply with any conditions attached to an ATWP and depending upon the nature of the asset and works supported by an approved construction methodology.

Written authorisation in the form of the ATWP must be kept on site at all times, and the holder of the authorisation must comply with all the conditions of the ATWP. The performance of any works near critical APA Networks operated assets without a valid ATWP and full compliance with its conditions will constitute a safety incident and may also result in an infringement notice and associated penalties issued by the regulator of the APA Networks asset.

1.4.1 Additional Transmission Pressure Pipeline Requirements

Where the works proposed by the third party may result in a change in land use within the Measurement Length for a transmission pressure pipeline (as defined in AS/NZS 2885.6 for Pipelines – Gas and Liquid Petroleum), such works may also be subject to formal approval requirements through APA Networks and applicable local and state government planning processes. This may also require a Safety Management Study (SMS) Report to be completed and approved by APA Networks. The SMS Report is generated from an SMS workshop involving an SMS facilitator, the third party and APA Networks. APA Networks is the owner of the SMS Report and any resulting recommendations/ actions must be implemented to the satisfaction of APA prior to the commencement of any physical works.

Certain categories of development/ land use change are not appropriate to be located within the Measurement Length of transmission pressure pipelines. In certain circumstances, the otherwise unacceptable risks associated with such developments may be alleviated with the aid of installing protective slabbing over the asset or undertaking other protection and mitigation measures.



- Scope / description of the work impacting APA assets;
- A work package containing detailed design or construction issue drawings with the location of APA assets and the extent of works marked and / or georeferenced. Sufficient details must be provided on the plans to verify locations against APA information, which is typically measured from property boundaries. Plan and cross sectional drawings are typically required, including any proving locations;
- The proposed construction methodology (if available); and
- For critical assets only, a completed permit request form. This form is automatically provided in response to a BYDA enquiry when it is required, with direction for this form included in the BYDA response (refer to **Section 5.2**).

If the information provided is incomplete, or irrelevant information is provided, it may result in a delay of the assessment process and provision of a response. Due to the varying nature of potential works, it is not possible to develop a comprehensive listing of information that will be required for each work type, but the above is provided as a general guideline for what will normally be required.

For assets operated at distribution pressures and not considered critical mains, a Duty of Care Notice is provided with the BYDA response for the third party to consider. Site watch may be necessary under a duty of care notice where additional protection or other integrity concerns require it.

In the event that works are conducted within the Protected Zone of a transmission pipeline and/ or critical distribution main, these works will require a review approval received from APA prior to commencement of works. Works subject to this requirement are deemed to include, but not limited to, the following activities that fall under Table 3;

- Non Destructive Digging (NDD);
- Mechanical excavation including trenchless excavation i.e. drilling (boring, horizontal direction drilling (HDD), pipeline bursting and tunnelling) for installing infrastructure such as the following;
 - o Roadways, driveways, railways, pavements;
 - o Electrical equipment (cables, overhead transmission lines, telecommunication cable or power poles);
 - o Installation of culverts/ pipes (water, drainage, sewer or reticulation);
 - o Landscaping.

APA will not approve certain activities and structures in the transmission pipeline easement (if applicable), including the following;

- Permanent storage;
- Installation of billboard structures;
- Use and storage for explosives, flammables or corrosives;
- Blasting;
- Structures forming part of any house, house extensions, carports or entertainment areas;
- Dams and other manmade water features. Locations of dams off the pipeline easement/ protected zone must not create run off or drainage towards the pipeline easement;
- Chemically treated effluent coming in contact with the pipeline easement/ protected zone;
- Garbage, sand fill, refuse disposal;
- Airstrips.

The Third Party must submit an enquiry to APA at the earliest possible stage to allow sufficient time for assessment. Submissions should include the following information;

- Land description and map identifying location of the proposed works;
- Types of works to be carried out;
- Intended future use of the land (where relating to change in land use)
- Type and weight of machinery that will be used;
- Any plans or diagrams of the works;
- Timeframe for the works.

The sequence of obtaining APA approval is as follows;

- a) **Submit enquiry for Initial Review** – The Third Party submits the request prior to works commencing and APA Networks will complete an 'Initial Review'. The third party must not progress any works on site until they receive a response from APA Networks. The two possible outcomes of this stage are a 'No Impact' response or;
- b) **Enquiry Escalated for Standard Assessment** – The request will be forwarded to APA Networks Field or System Operations personnel for a more detailed appraisal, which may involve contacting the third party, site visits, locating of assets of site, and/or request for additional information. The third party must not progress any work on site until they receive a response from APA Networks. The two possible outcomes of this stage are a 'No Objection under standard conditions' response or;
- c) **Enquiry Escalated for Engineering Assessment** – The request has been forwarded to the Integrity Third Party Engagement team for additional appraisal and determination of specific conditions. The third party must not progress any works on site until they receive a response from APA Networks. The two possible outcomes of this stage are a 'No Objection under special conditions response' or;



In some cases, decommissioned gas assets are required for future use by APA (sometimes noted as "Idle" on APA plans). These assets must be treated as live using the same criteria outlined in this document, and must not be removed or altered without APA's express written approval.

Where APA confirms there is no future use of a decommissioned gas asset (sometimes noted as "Abandoned" on APA plans), removal of the asset can be undertaken by the third party under the following conditions:

- For assets considered by APA to be decommissioned gas assets, APA must be engaged to verify that the asset is gas free;
- End caps must be permanently sealed, using an APA approved methodology, on any decommissioned sections that are to be left in place to prevent future water ingress into the remaining sections of the decommissioned gas asset;
- An as-built drawing must be submitted by the third party for any section(s) of a decommissioned gas asset removed by the third party or its sub-contractors to ensure BYDA can be updated accordingly; and
- Payment for costs associated with any verification or alteration activities must be provided prior to APA undertaking works.

Electrical earthing systems near a steel gas asset	High Voltage: Engineering Assessment Required Low Voltage: 300 mm Horizontal (Note 7)	
Electrical earthing system near any gas asset other than steel	N/A	300 mm Horizontal
Clearance Type (Note 2, 9)	Minimum Transmission Pressure Asset Clearance	Minimum Distribution Pressure Asset Clearance
Undisturbed cover from the top of the gas asset to the underside of trenching or road pavement boxing	500 mm Vertical	300 mm Vertical (Note 1)
Distance from predominant building line	3000 mm Horizontal Where applicable outside pipeline easement	Refer to Section 4.2
Distance from Sensitive Use Locations (Refer Section 7 for Glossary of Terms and Abbreviations)	APA Engineering Assessment Required (Note 8)	N/A
Canopies longer than 15 m parallel to the edge of the gas asset	3000 mm Horizontal (Note 10)	Refer to Table 4 (Note 10)
Any installation that could add excessive loads to the gas asset or restrict access to the gas asset	3000 mm Horizontal (Note 2)	
Any installations that may need require underpinning were APA to expose the gas asset	3000 mm Horizontal	
Any temporary stake, e.g. star picket	300 mm Horizontal	
Electrical poles including street lighting and traffic signals	3000 mm Horizontal Where applicable outside pipeline easement	1000 mm (Note 3, 5, 6, 7)
Fence post, including road safety barriers	3000 mm Horizontal when installed per APA requirements	500 mm Horizontal when installed per APA requirements
Pile or pier	3000 mm Horizontal when installed per APA requirements	500 mm Horizontal when installed per APA requirements
Permanent Heavy Vehicle Loads (Greater than 4.5T)	Refer to Section 4.7 Temporary and Permanent Vehicle Loads	
Tree Root Barrier	3000 mm Horizontal	1000 mm Horizontal Refer to Section 4.3 Landscaping Plans
Separation distances for vegetation	Refer to Section 4.3 Landscaping Plans	

For construction and land use activities around gas assets the minimum horizontal clearances referenced in Table 3 must be followed.

Table 3 Minimum Clearances for Construction Works and Land Use Activities

Construction and Land Use Activities	Minimum Horizontal Clearance	
	Transmission Pressure & Critical Distribution Mains	Non-Critical Distribution Pressure Mains
Excavation without APA representative present (Note 1)	3000 mm	N/A
Trenchless Excavation (Note 1)	3000 mm Refer to Section 5.6	1000 mm Refer to Section 5.6
Temporary Heavy Vehicle Traffic (greater than 4.5T)	If the load has not been assessed, maintain a Horizontal separation of 3000 mm. APA engineering assessment must be completed if crossing asset. Refer to Section 4.7 Temporary and Permanent Vehicle Crossings	Refer to Section 4.7 Temporary and Permanent Vehicle Crossings
Installation of Piles, Piers or Poles	Refer to Table 2 and Section 5.7	
Hot Works from Construction Activities	Any hot works within 5000 mm of an open trench containing gas asset or where cover is less than 300 mm. Refer to Section 5.8. (Note 2)	
Compaction	Section 5.10 for Compaction Limits Maximum Compaction Limits	
Vibration Limits	No vibration within 3000 mm of the pipeline and greater distance to comply with Section 5.9	
Blasting, Seismic Survey or the use of Explosives	Approval required for works within 100m. Refer to Section 5.11.	
Lifting over exposed gas asset	Not permitted over the gas asset. Refer to Section 5.12 for Suspended Materials above Gas Assets and No Go Zones for Cranes.	
Clearance of crane outriggers to gas assets	Not permitted within 3000 mm of gas asset. Refer to Section 5.12 for Suspended Materials above Gas Assets and No Go Zones for Cranes.	
Clearance of temporary material from pipeline	Not permitted within 3000 mm of gas assets. Refer to Section 5.13 for Temporary Materials.	

Note 1: Excavation covers NDD, mechanical excavation and trenchless excavation (boring, HDD, pipeline bursting and tunnelling).

Note 2: Horizontal separation distance also applies to any pits or valve covers.

- Maximum root ball diameter
- Offset from gas asset
- Method of protection to gas asset

Trees to be planted within 3 m of transmission pressure or critical distribution pressure gas assets, should also adhere to **Table 5** below.

Note: Horizontal separation is measured from pipe edge to edge of mature trunk or mature drip line, whichever is the greater.

Strata cells are not considered an appropriate protection from tree roots. If strata cells are to be installed in the vicinity of existing buried gas assets, the controls identified in **Table 5** must be used for protection.

Table 5 Protection of Distribution Gas Assets from Vegetation

Vegetation Types	Requirements	Horizontal Separation from Pipe Edge to Vegetation			
		Greater than 3 m	1.5 to 3m	1.5 to 0.5 m	<0.5 m
Trees or Large Shrubs	Min. separation of 3 m is required between trees and pipe if no protection methods are utilised.				
Medium and Small Shrubs	Within 1.5 m – 0.5 m protection methods must be utilised.				
Ground cover and grasses	No protection methods required.				
Gas Protection Methods					
	No protection methods required, provided separation limits are followed.				
	Within 3 m, tree species which have mature buttress diameters less than 0.15 m and do not have invasive or deep roots may be accommodated without protection methods after consultation with APA Networks (Note 1). For trees with mature buttress diameters greater than 0.15 m one of the following gas protection methods must be implemented; 1. Lowering or relocation of the gas asset to a minimum of 1.2 m cover. 2. Installation of new gas conduit beyond the structural root zone (SRZ) of the mature tree species for future use. (Note 2) 3. Installation of a root barrier system. System to be 1 m deep or extend 250mm below the gas asset, whichever is the greater.				
	Within 1.5 m installation of a root barriers system is mandatory and gas protection methods are as follows; 1. Installation of a robust root barrier system. System to be 1 m deep or extend 250 mm below the gas asset, whichever is the greater. AND 2. Lowering or relocation of the gas asset to a minimum of 1.2 m cover. OR 3. Installation of new gas conduit beyond the SRZ of the mature tree species for future use. (Note 2)				
	Planting directly over gas assets is not permitted in any location, as it prevents emergency and maintenance access. Tree roots can damage gas asset resulting in gas leaks.				

Note 1: Minor road pavements typically are owned by local councils.

Note 2: All roads owned by state and federal authorities are major roads. Roads owned by council may be major or minor roads. Covers less than 1200 mm may require dispensation from the relevant road authority.

Note 3: Protective slabbing must be installed where minimum depth of cover requirements cannot be met or are required to meet specific safety requirements. Bridging slabbing for transmission pressure assets may be replaced with protection slabbing following APA engineering assessment.

Note 4: The requirement for bridging slabs can be downgrade to physical protection slabbing where APA engineering assessment is completed and approved.

Note 5: Installation within railway reserve shall be in accordance with both AS 4799 and the respective operating standard for the gas assets i.e. AS 2885 and AS 4645.

Note 6: The minimum depth of cover of 2,000 mm shall consider future scour of the drain or waterway crossing. For man-made drains the depth of cover can be reduced to 1200 mm if sealed (i.e. concreted) and appropriately designed. For transmission pressure assets, waterway crossings shall be designed in accordance with AS 2885.1 – 2018 Clause 5.8.6.2. For all assets, as a minimum the following shall be considered;

- a) A hydrological investigation to determine the stream power under peak stream, watercourse or waterway flows. The investigation shall determine the 1 in 100 year flood and the probable maximum flood and intermediate (optional) flood conditions.
- b) A geotechnical investigation to determine the physical parameters of the crossings, and using the information from the hydrological investigation, the erosion potential. This assessment should also consider the meander potential of the watercourse so that the limits of special construction can be defined.

Table 7 Minimum Depth of Cover Requirements for Customer Offtakes (Services)

Asset Location	Customer Offtake size	
	≤ DN50	> DN50 and ≤ DN110 (Note 1)
Roadway	450 mm	600 mm
Private Property	300 mm	450 mm

Note 1: Customer offtakes (services) with diameters greater than DN110 shall have depth of cover in accordance with Table 6.

Changes to surface conditions (e.g. changing from nature strip to road pavement) or which place the gas asset in an inaccessible position (e.g. with excessive cover) may require slabbing, recoating and / or relocation. Changes to surrounding surface levels or conditions must also consider drainage and the potential to result in erosion of cover for gas assets. Additionally, gas fittings such as valves, stopple fittings or flanges must not be located underneath road pavement. An APA Engineering assessment will be required if this is not feasible, refer to Section 6.

Where a new hardstand surface is installed on non-metallic distribution pressure mains (e.g. a painted concrete driveway), consideration should be given to including a casing or enveloper pipe to APA requirements for insertion of future gas assets. This will ensure that the new hardstand surface is not modified as part of the future gas installation. Where a casing or enveloper pipe is installed for future insertion works surveyed as-constructed records are to be provided to APA Networks for incorporation into the GIS records.

For transmission pressure gas assets, any landscaping material should be level within the easement or a minimum of 3 m (but preferably 6 m) to each side of the pipeline, to permit excavating equipment to operate without having to destroy the adjacent landscaping.

4.5 Casings Vent Stacks

Casings provide mechanical protection and protection to gas assets from external loadings. Some cased crossings are sealed and fitted with a casing vent stack, which gas leaks are identified via.

The following APA requirements are to be applied for works near casing vent stacks:

Without any further information or engineering assessment, distribution (≥ 11 kV) and transmission (≥ 66 kV) power lines parallel to steel gas assets must satisfy the Low Frequency Induction (LFI) Level 1 (Conservative) compliance of AS/NZS 4853 – 2012 Table 4.2 & 4.4 which specifies maximum acceptable power line to pipeline exposure length.

Per AS/NZS 4853 – 2012 the pipeline expose length (average separation for the parallel section) under LFI conditions shall be less than the values given in Table 9 below.

Table 9 Exposure Length for Pipeline Subject to LFI from Power Lines (Level 1 Assessment)

Power line to pipeline separation (m)	Exposure Length (m) – Note 1	
	Distribution Power Line (≥ 11 kV) – 100 Ω .m	Transmission Power Line (≥ 66 kV) – 100 Ω .m
5	180	95
10	210	110
20	240	127
50	310	165
100	400	210
200	550	290
500	950	500

Note 1: Without soil resistivity data, assessments are to be completed assuming 100 Ω .m. If soil resistivity data is available refer to AS/NZS 4853 – 2012.

Where AS/NZS 4853 Level 1 EPR or LFI requirements cannot be achieved a Level 2 and/or 3 assessment will be required.

The third party must provide to APA detailed plans of any source(s) of earthing and/ or electrical effects proposed to be located in the vicinity of steel gas assets, with an assessment report compliant with AS/NZS 4853 Electrical Hazards on Metallic Pipelines. This assessment report is to determine any effects to existing cathodic protection or induced voltage mitigation systems from these types of installations. The third party must address any relevant requirements and any recommendations and/or actions must be implemented to the satisfaction of APA Networks. All cost association with the study, and implementing its recommendations and/ or actions are to be borne by the third party. The third party must also complete validation testing upon completion of construction and provide all findings/ reports to APA Networks.

Hazards which may arise due to electrical systems located in the vicinity of steel gas assets include the following:

- Accidental contact between gas assets and electrical systems;
- Capacitive coupling;
- Conductive coupling;
- Electromagnetic induction;
- Low Frequency Induction (LFI);
- Earth Potential Rise (EPR), including due to fault current or lightning discharge; and,
- Adverse cathodic protection interference in excess of those allowed under AS 2832.1 or relevant state regulations

4.7 Temporary and Permanent Vehicle Crossings

Vehicle crossings over existing gas assets are limited to light vehicles (Gross Vehicle Mass not greater than 4.5 tonnes unless advised otherwise by APA Networks in writing) on unsealed surfaces or Heavy Vehicles (compliant General Access Vehicles) on established road pavements.

Any proposed new crossings must be assessed and authorised in writing by APA Networks.

Other distribution pressure assets not considered critical will only require site watch as determined by APA Networks.

Where a permit is required, the response provided to the BYDA enquiry will include the relevant forms and process to be followed for submitting a permit request.

While BYDA recommends completing the request two business days prior to undertaking works, this is to ensure that the location information is obtained. This may not allow sufficient time for APA Networks to supply site watch. Further delays may be experienced if the proposed works are significantly complicated, do not meet the requirements of this document or if insufficient information is provided.

It is an offence in all jurisdictions to undertake activities in the vicinity of transmission pipelines without prior authorisation by the operator.

5.3 Coating Surveys and Leakage Surveys

Where proposed works have potential to indirectly damage pipe coating (i.e. due to compaction) or result in a leak of the gas asset (e.g. vibration of cast iron pipes), additional monitoring activities such as Direct Current Voltage Gradient (DCVG) or leakage surveys may be required.

If required, chargeable DCVG surveys will be conducted prior to works to establish any existing coating faults which exist on the gas asset. A subsequent DCVG survey will be conducted at the conclusion of works, and where new faults have developed on the gas asset, repairs shall be made with costs charged to the works owner. Surveys can be conducted prior to finalising road surfaces to avoid costly repairs.

A similar chargeable survey program can be applied where leakage surveys are required. However, additional surveys may be necessary throughout works to ensure work crews do not operate in a gaseous environment once leaks are caused.

5.4 Pipeline Repairs, Recoating and Slabbing

Buried steel assets operated by APA Networks are coated to provide protection from corrosion.

Where the surface conditions above a buried steel pipe are changed which may limit future access to the existing gas asset an assessment of the coating condition will likely be triggered.

The requirement for pipeline recoating is assessed by APA Networks on a case by case basis, based on the proposed works, but will generally be dependent on the following:

- The asset class;
- The existing coating type, age and condition;
- Increase in loading that can bring forward any pipeline anomalies; and,
- Changes limiting access to the existing asset(s), such as the installation of slabbing, road pavement, culverts, embankment ramps or any other feature.

A chargeable coating survey carried out in accordance with **Section 5.3** may be required to assess the condition of the existing gas asset coating.

Recoating and/ or associated slabbing works over any gas asset will be determined by APA Networks Engineering Assessments and any applicable risk assessments (Safety Management Study or Formal Safety Assessment).

Pipeline repairs, recoating and slabbing that form part of any third party commercial agreement will be charged to the third party.

The requirement for, and the extent of, slabbing over any APA Networks operated asset will be determined by APA at its sole discretion and may depend on factors other than only changes in depth of cover discussed in **Section 4.4**. Slabbing may be required for the following reasons:

- Removable protective slab to provide protection from third party mechanical excavation;
- Bridging slab to provide protection from external loadings e.g. insufficient depth of cover combined with vehicle traffic.

Slabbing must be installed with adequate separation from the pipe, which may impact the undisturbed cover requirement, and cannot be installed directly underneath road pavement or at surface level.

remainder by hand excavation as described above. The anticipated depth shall be based on the shallowest result from BYDA or pipe locator.

Technique 3 – Hand + Excavation (Non-Critical Gas Assets ONLY)

If the gas asset is deemed non-critical then a combination of hand digging and excavation can be used. This technique requires the third party to hand excavate 300 mm then mechanically excavate the first 150 mm. In this technique the hand excavation shall always lead the mechanical excavation by 150 mm. Once within 300 mm of the gas asset then only hand excavation is allowed.

5.5.3 Hydro-Vacuum Excavation

Where hydro-vacuum excavation is used in the vicinity or to expose existing gas assets, the following conditions must be applied:

- Ensure the general requirements in **Section 5.5.1** are adhered to prior to the works commencing.
- Root cutting heads shall not be used at any time.
- When locating pipelines and mains, a maximum water pressure of 2500 PSI (17200 kPa) may be used to a depth no greater than 450 mm. Below this depth, the maximum water pressure shall be set in accordance with **Table 10** for the asset type in the vicinity.
- When locating customer offtakes (services), a maximum water pressure of 2500 PSI (17200 kPa) may be used to a depth no greater than 300 mm. Below this depth, the maximum water pressure shall be set in accordance with **Table 10** for the asset type in the vicinity.
- Where air is used in place of water the air pressure shall not exceed 175 PSI (1200 kPa).
- A minimum distance of 200 mm shall be maintained between the nozzle tip and subsoil and vertical movements avoided (i.e. nozzle shall not touch or be inserted into soil).
- The wand shall never remain motionless during excavation. Aiming directly at the gas asset shall be avoided at all times.
- NDD vacuum equipment must not come into contact (impact) with the pipe or coating.
- Once a gas asset has been exposed via hydro-vacuum methods, a visual check must be undertaken to ensure no damage has occurred to the pipe or its coating. Damage caused to the pipe coating by the third party will be chargeable.
- A dead man trigger or similar, shall be installed and used on the wand.
- If conduits are to be installed for identification of the gas assets location the conduit shall be offset to one side and recorded or a flexible conduit installed over the gas asset. The placement of PVC pipes directly on the gas asset may cause damage to the pipe coating and require repair at the contractor's expense.
- Vacuum excavated holes shall be cleaned of any rocks and debris and backfilled with a minimum 300 mm of sand.

Personnel operating NDD equipment shall monitor ground conditions to determine and adjust for the lowest water pressure setting and vacuum used to adequately expose the gas asset. The objective shall be to use the lowest possible pressure and vacuum required to adequately excavate in order to minimise risk of coating and/or pipe damage. **Table 10** provides the maximum water pressure to be used for various pipe and coating types.

Non-Critical Gas Assets

Mechanical excavation is permitted directly over the top of non-critical gas assets however **under no circumstances is mechanical excavation equipment to be used within 300 mm of any gas asset**. If the third party is in doubt with regards to the criticality of the gas asset, then the excavation method outlined for critical gas assets shall be used.

Prior to the mechanical excavation commencing, the asset shall be physically proved as outlined in **Section 5.5.2**. Once the depth has been physically proven the third party can proceed with excavating around the gas asset until within 300 mm. From this point hand excavation or NDD is required.

5.5.6 Protection During Exposure

Additional protection measures are required where an exposed gas asset may be subject to impact from construction activities, sagging of exposed pipe and trench instability. Any works requiring exposure and protection of the gas asset should have an accompanying methodology and approval by APA Networks.

Physical protection (e.g. structural steel protection, sandbags, wrapped with split PVC pipe) should be installed around the exposed gas asset when exposed, particularly when new infrastructure is planned to be installed crossing below the gas asset. If the gas asset is to be exposed for longer than one day or otherwise left unattended, suitable barricades, security fencing and/ or steel plates will be required to provide protection from vehicles, dropped objects (such as construction materials) or vandalism.

Unsupported exposed pipe lengths require protection from sagging by using suitable supports such as sandbags or slings. Where slings or other support types come into contact with the gas asset, protection methods must be employed (e.g. wrapped with split PVC pipe) to prevent damage to the existing pipe or coating. Exposed unsupported joints must also be identified and supported during works. The maximum allowable length of exposed pipe without support is provided in **Table 11**.

Table 11 Maximum Unsupported Lengths of Exposed Pipe

Gas Asset Diameter (mm)	Steel Maximum Unsupported Length (mm)	Polyethylene Maximum Unsupported Length (mm)	Other Maximum Unsupported Length (mm)	Material
≤20	2,000	1,500	1,500 (Note 1)	
>20 & ≤63	2,800	2,000		
>63 & ≤100	3,600	3,000		
>100 & ≤150	4,200			
>150 & ≤250	5,000			
>250	5,700			

Note 1: Particular care should be taken for other materials include cast iron, PVC or nylon due to the unpredictable nature of the joints.

Additional protection and support during trench or bell-hole excavation works to minimise ground instability may also be necessary to protect the integrity of existing gas assets during exposure works. Trenches are to be inspected prior to commencing works each day and monitored by the onsite party responsible for the excavation. APA shall be notified of any condition likely to affect the stability of trench.

Any deep excavations, within 3 m of a gas asset, shall be designed and constructed such that the effects of subsidence, collapse or extreme weather will not affect the gas asset. Any such excavations prepared by a third party must be accompanied by certification from a registered practising engineer (RPEQ required for works in Queensland, and so on as required for other States and Territories) confirming that the design is adequate to protect the gas asset.

Table 12 Minimum Witness Trench Dimensions

Crossing Type	Witness Trench Depth	Witness Trench Dimensions
Crossing Above Existing Gas Asset	To bottom (invert) of gas asset	Witness trench shall be 1000 mm to 2000 mm in front of the gas asset on the approach side.
Crossing Below Existing Gas Asset	To bottom (invert) of gas asset plus 500 mm	Witness trench shall be min. 1500 mm long and 300 mm wide centred on bore centre line.

Dispensation may be considered where detailed long sections are provided for assessment by APA and where depths of existing gas assets or separation to the bore are greater than 2500 mm.

Pipe bursting is not permitted within 1000 mm of an existing gas asset.

5.7 Piles, Piers or Poles

No piling such as pile-driving, sheet-piling or hammer-piling is permitted within 15 m of an existing gas asset unless explicit consent has been provided by APA. In all instances, vertical bored (augured) piles, piers or poles are preferred.

Where installation of piles, piers or poles are proposed between 500 mm and 1000 mm clearance from a gas asset (distribution and transmission pressures, respectively), the area directly below the proposed pile, pier or post location must be excavated to a level equivalent to the bottom (invert) of the existing gas asset, and works started from that depth.

Note: Proving of the gas asset must be completed in accordance with the requirements set out in **Section 5.5.2** prior to the commencement of any works.

Temporary steel plates may also be installed between the gas asset and the proposed pile, pier or post used for vertical bore methods within this clearance to provide extra protection.

Note: Direct vibration monitoring on the gas main may be required depending upon the installation method utilised. Refer to **Section 5.9** for APA Networks vibration limits.

5.8 Hot Works for Construction Activities

Typical hot works include grinding, welding, thermal or oxygen cutting or heating, and other related heat producing or spark-producing operations. Heat sources or hot works must not impact gas assets, taking into consideration that the ground or adjacent structures may also be capable of transmitting heat.

In order to safely undertake hot works, response procedures in the event of fire or flammable gas detection must be prepared and monitoring for flammable gases must be undertaken during works.

APA must approve any hot works where there is less than 300 mm ground cover to buried gas assets, or within 5,000 mm of any exposed gas assets (including any pits or valve covers). A heat shield or barrier may be required to provide protection if it cannot be demonstrated that works can be undertaken without impacting the gas asset.

5.9 Vibration Limits

Significant vibration may arise from activities such as blasting, piling, tunnelling and HDD/boring.

To avoid damage to existing APA Networks operated pipes and coatings, the following vibration limits must not be exceeded at any point on the pipe:

- For cast iron mains: 5 mm/s maximum Peak Particle Velocity (**PPV**) measured on the pipe.
- For steel pipe with a coal tar enamel (**CTE**) coating or with poor coating health: 10 mm/s maximum PPV measured on the pipe.
- For non-coal tar enamel pipe coatings and other pipe materials (i.e. steel, PE, PVC or Nylon): 20 mm/s maximum PPV measured on the pipe.

5.12 Suspended Materials above Gas Assets and No Go Zones for Cranes

Where gas assets are exposed, no cranes, excavators or backhoes are permitted to carry or suspend materials directly over or across a gas asset without an APA Networks approved lifting plan and SWMS.

Outriggers must be set up outside a 3 m radius from gas assets unless otherwise approved by APA Networks in writing.

5.13 Temporary Materials

In all instances it is preferred that temporary materials (e.g. soil, shipping containers) are not stored on top of transmission pressure and critical gas assets. Temporary material must not restrict access and should be placed at least 1,500 mm from the alignment of these assets unless otherwise approved by APA Networks.

6 PART 4 - ALTERATION OF EXISTING GAS ASSETS

Where the proposed third party works do not comply with the requirements of this document, and adequate additional controls or a specialised engineering solutions cannot be developed, alteration of the existing gas assets will be required.

Gas asset alterations will only be undertaken under a Recoverable Works Agreement (**RWA**) appropriate to the scope and extent of the works required.

An Early Works Agreement (**EWA**) may also be required where works are proposed which require proving, engineering design activities or purchase of long lead items. This will allow for completion of these items prior to execution of a RWA and avoid delaying works.

If either or both these agreements are required, then APA Networks will enter negotiations with the relevant third party and any costs will be payable by that third party.

Excavation	Excavation refers to manual digging or mechanised digging operation with plant or equipment which involves trenching and trenchless excavation. Trenchless excavation covers boring, Horizontal Directional Drilling (HDD), pipe bursting and tunnelling.
FBE	Fusion Bonded Epoxy
GIS	Geographic Information System
HBE	High Build Epoxy
HDD	Horizontal Directional Drilling
Hot Works	Hot works are defined as grinding, welding, thermal or oxygen cutting or heating, and other related heat-producing or spark-producing operations. Heat sources or hot works must not impact pipelines, taking into consideration that the ground or adjacent structures may also be capable of transmitting heat.
LFI	Low Frequency Induction
LPG	Liquefied Petroleum Gas
MAOP	Maximum Allowable Operating Pressure
Measurement Length	The maximum length of pipeline route which presents an extended source of hazard on the basis that an event of failure could affect any part of the development or specific location relevant to the development. The maximum length corresponds to the heat radiation hazard associated with a 4.7 kW/m² heat radiation contour for an ignited full bore rupture calculated in accordance with AS/NZS 2885.6. If the pipeline is designed as a no rupture pipe, then the measurement length corresponds to a credible leak size.
NDD	Non-Destructive Digging (NDD) refers to either hand digging or Non-Destructive Pot Holing using a vacuum pipe connected to a vacuum truck with either a water lance or air lance. Hydro-Vacuum Excavation consists of a water lance and vacuum truck and is used to physically prove existing assets.
OHEW	Overhead Earth Wire
PE	Polyethylene
Pipe Bursting	Pipe bursting refers to a pipe being inserted to a larger pipe that results in the larger pipe being damaged. For an example of pipe bursting, refer to the following You-Tube video: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HX5beh0ubGY
Pipeline Easement	The pipeline area shown on a survey plan and referenced on the property title.
Predominate Building Line	The expected predominate building line relates to the façade of the building, not necessarily the property boundary.
Protected Zone	A Protected Zone is an area extending both horizontally and longitudinally along a gas asset. It is the area where loads and/or any hot works may potentially cause damage to the gas asset.

Site Watch	An APA Site Watch representative can be the Permit Issuing Officer for excavation work within a gas Easement or Protected Zone and is referred to as the primary spotter for excavation works. The secondary spotter is provided by the Contractor. The primary spotter has the ultimate decision regarding works within the gas Easement or Protected Zone which includes the method of excavation, starting and stopping excavation work. The APA Site Watch representative is the nominated competent person responsible for the following; • Making themselves highly visible and everyone on the job site should be aware of the Site Watch's role; • Communication to personnel operating mobile plant and equipment ensuring minimum clearance to above and below ground assets is maintained and the construction methodology is adhered to and complies with APA Networks requirements. Ensuring personnel do not encroach within the swing radius of the operating machinery.
SMS	Safety Management Study
SMWS	Safe Work Method Statement used by APA or Contractors to execute field work. The risks and associated control measures risk assessments should be transferred to SWMS.
SRZ	Structural Root Zone
Structures	Structures refer to third party structures which includes, but is not limited to; temporary or permanent buildings, walls, canopies, footings, pile caps or retaining walls
Third Party	The person or entity and their agents or Contractors that propose to undertake work near APA assets.
Third Party Assets	Third Party Assets include roads, utilities and structures.
Third Party Excavation	Third Party Excavation which is not associated with APA (e.g. road works, utility installation, private development, fencing).
Third Party Works Classification	The Third Party Work Classification as shown in Section 3.3 covers the following three work classifications: 1. No Impact to gas assets 2. No Objection Under Conditions 3. Enquiry Escalated for Alteration
Transmission Pipeline	Gas transmission pipeline which includes all associated equipment such as cathodic protection, earthing grid, instrumentation and electrical cables.
Utilities	Includes water, wastewater, drainage, telecommunications cables, power poles and cables owned by individuals or organisations other than APA Networks.
Voltage	Difference of potential normally between conductors or between conductors and earth as follows: a) Extra-low voltage – Not exceeding 50V a.c. or 120 V ripple-free d.c. b) Low voltage – Exceeding extra-low voltage, but not exceeding 1000 V a.c. or 1500 V d.c.

8 DOCUMENT REFERENCES

Table 15 Document References

External Standards	
API RP 1102	Steel Pipeline Crossing Railroads and Highways
AS 2832.1	Cathodic protection of metals: Pipes and cables
AS 2885.0	Pipelines – Gas and liquid petroleum: General requirements
AS/NZS 2885.1	Pipelines – Gas and liquid petroleum: Design and Construction
AS/NZS 2885.2	Pipelines – Gas and liquid petroleum: Welding
AS 2885.3	Pipelines – Gas and liquid petroleum: Operations and Maintenance
AS 2885.5	Pipelines – Gas and liquid petroleum: Field Pressure Testing
AS/NZS 2885.6	Pipelines – Gas and liquid petroleum: Pipeline safety management
AS/NZS 4645.1	Gas Distribution Networks - Network Management
AS/NZS 4645.2	Gas Distribution Networks - Steel Pipe Systems
AS/NZS 4645.3	Gas Distribution Networks - Plastics Pipe Systems
AS 4799	Installation of Underground Utility Services and Pipelines Within Railway Boundaries
AS 4827.1	Coating defect surveys for buried pipelines Part 1: Direct current voltage gradient (DCVG)
AS/NZS 4853	Electrical Hazards on Metallic Pipelines
AS 4970	Protection of trees on development sites
Standard Policies, Procedures, Specifications, Guidelines, Forms and Templates	
400-SP-L-0002	Networks Bedding Material Specification
400-PR-L-0003	Encroachment and Land Use Change SMS Trigger Procedure

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Before You Dig Australia

Classification: Networks

Enquiry date	03/06/2026
Sequence number	273951641
Work site address	16 TODWANA COURT GLENVALE QLD 4350



Before You Dig Checklist



1. Plan

- Review maps provided with this BYDA response and confirm the location of your work site is correct.
 - Review the **APA Guidelines for Works Near Existing Gas Assets** and clearly understand requirements relating to my scope of work.
-



2. Prepare

- Electronically locate gas assets and mark locations.
 - Note: Look for visible evidence of gas assets at the worksite which may not be shown on plans.
-



3. Pothole

- Physically confirm ('prove') the location of gas assets by potholing by hand excavation or non- destructive vacuum excavation methods in accordance with **APA Guidelines for Works Near Existing Gas Assets**.
 - Road authorities, councils, utilities and their authorised contractors and agents are responsible to pothole or use other suitable methods to verify the location and depth of all gas assets, including gas (inlet) services, prior to commencing any works.
-



4. Protect

- Protect gas assets by maintaining clearances whilst excavating and following conditions provided by APA.
 - Where required by APA, only conducting work in proximity to gas assets while Site Watch is on site.
 - Where applicable, APA Authority To Work permit conditions are clearly understood and complied with.
 - Strap and support exposed mains and inlet services. Cover exposed mains to prevent damage until the excavation can be permanently restored.
-



5. Proceed

- Only proceed with your work once you have completed all the planning, preparation, potholing and protection requirements.
 - APA BYDA response (including maps) are on site for reference at all times, and less than 30 days old.
-

Site 16 TODWANA COURT
Address: GLENVALE
QLD 4350

Sequence 273951641
Number:



Scale 1: 6000

Map Sources: Esri, Garmin, HERE, FAO, NOAA, USGS,
© OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community



Enquiry Area

Map Key Area



Legend

PIPE LEGEND: GAS TYPE AND PRESSURE

	Low pressure	Medium pressure	High pressure	Transmission
Natural gas				
Natural gas – proposed				
LPG (yellow dash)	not applicable			not applicable
Hydrogen blended (equa dash)	not applicable			not applicable

PIPE LEGEND: SPECIAL DESIGNATION

	Low pressure	Medium pressure	High pressure	Transmission
Critical main (yellow highlight)				
Casing (grey highlight)				not applicable

These designations typically apply to any pipe type and pressure

PIPE LEGEND: OTHER STATUS

Abandoned pipe
Idle or inactive pipe



ABBREVIATION

BoK Back of kerb
C Depth of cover
CP Cathodic protection
FoK Front of kerb
NTI Not tied in

OBJECT SYMBOLS

Valve		CP test station		Syphon	
Buried valve		CP anode		Marker	
Regulator station		CP bond wire		Part service ^A	
Gas connected property		CP rectifier terminal			

^AA live gas service terminated underground within the property boundary, available for future extension to the gas meter.

PIPE CODE AND MATERIAL

P* Polyethylene (PE)	CU Copper
P3 Polyvinyl chloride (PVC)	N2 Nylon
S* Steel	W2 Wrought galv iron
C* Cast iron	W3 PE coat wrought galv iron

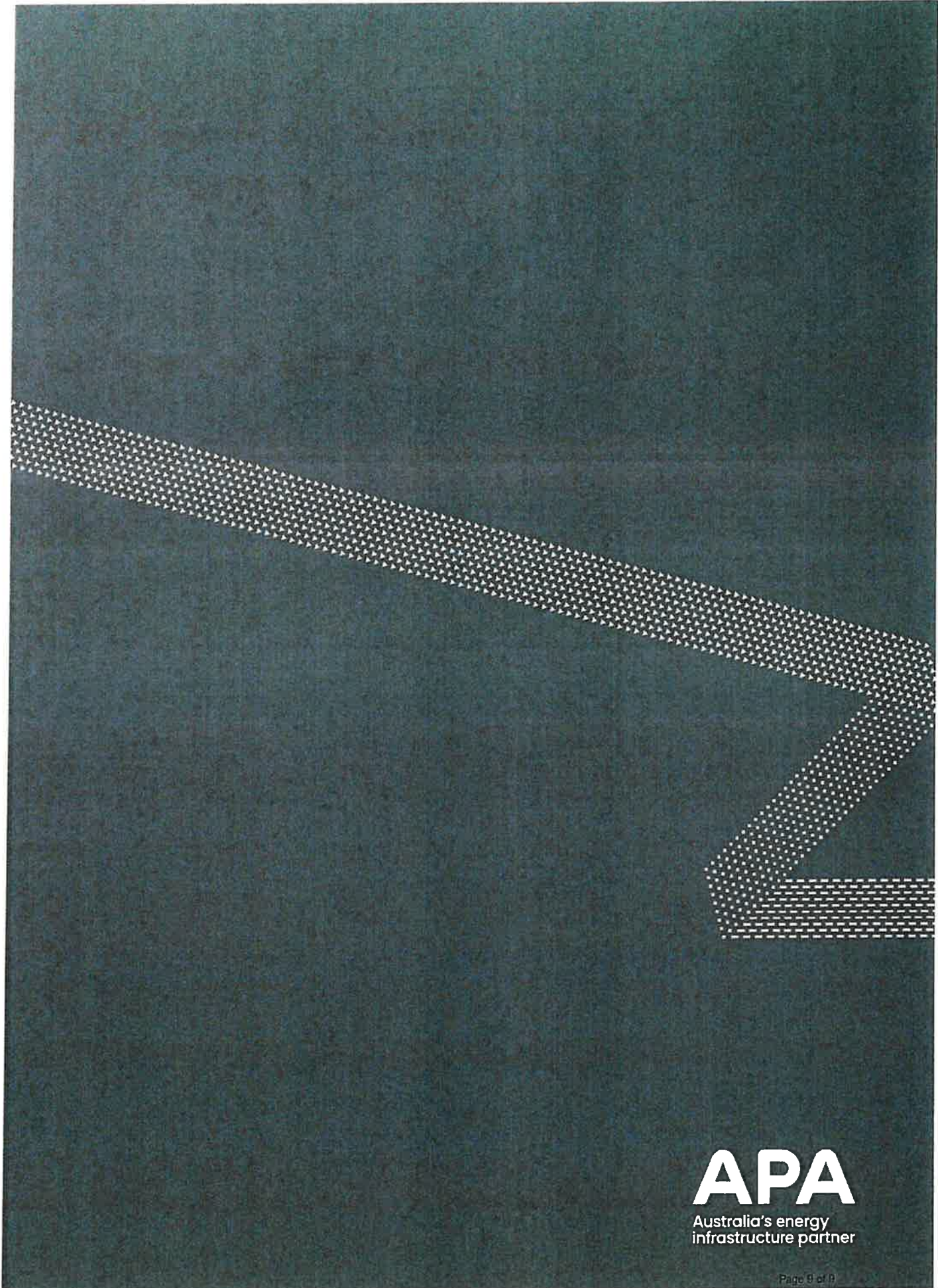
INTERPRETATION EXAMPLE

40P6 in 80C2 High pressure, 40 mm polyethylene in an 80 mm cast iron casing

63S8 Medium pressure, 63 mm steel

Pipe diameter in millimetres is shown before pipe code.
40P6 = 40 mm nominal diameter

This map was created in colour and should be printed in colour



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Disclaimer

1. This Plan/Information is provided for reference purposes in response to an underground infrastructure enquiry.
2. This response does not provide approval to carry out any works. You may still need to contact the appropriate Toowoomba Regional Council department and/or QLD Government Department of Natural Resources, Mines and Energy (DNRME) to obtain approval and permits.
3. The permission granted by Council to provide the Plan/Information is subject to the following:
 - 3.1. Council does not warrant that the Information is accurate or complete, and provides no assurances in this regard;
 - 3.2. Third Parties shall conduct their own investigations and/or enquiries regarding the accuracy and completeness of the Information;
 - 3.3. Council does not warrant that a third party shall not infringe upon the intellectual property rights of other third party should it publish or reproduces the Information;
 - 3.4. neither Council nor its agents, officers, Councillors, servants, employees or representatives shall be liable for any damages or losses (whatsoever and however arising) suffered by any third party should the Information be published, reproduced or relied upon by a third party;
 - 3.5. Any Third Party releases and indemnifies Council and its agents, officers, Councillors, servants, employees and representatives from and against all actions whatsoever, which may be brought or made against any of them, by any person, arising from or in any way related to the reproduction of the Information, publication of the Information or reliance upon the Information; and
 - 3.6. The permission to reproduce the Information does not, and shall not be interpreted as constituting the grant of any intellectual property rights in the Information.
 - 3.7. For the avoidance of doubt, Council expressly reserves all of its rights.

Duty of Care

4. The enclosed Plan/Information should be used as a reference only; it indicates the presence of underground infrastructure in the general vicinity of the proposed works. It is the applicant's responsibility to ensure that precise location of underground infrastructure is determined. All underground infrastructure in the vicinity of the proposed works must be located prior to the commencement of work.

Important General Information about Underground Infrastructure

5. Underground Infrastructure

- 5.1. Toowoomba Regional Council's underground infrastructure comprises:
 - 5.1.1. Sewer (wastewater) infrastructure, including but not limited to sewerage pipes and access chambers;
 - 5.1.2. Stormwater infrastructure, including but not limited to drainage pipes, drainage inlet structures, access chambers;
 - 5.1.3. Water infrastructure, including but not limited to water pipes and fittings; and
 - 5.1.4. Electrical and communication infrastructure in the central business district (CBD), and at road intersections. Please note that electrical and communication infrastructure information is not stored digitally. For further information on this infrastructure please call 131 TRC (131 872) for plans. Fees and charges may apply*.
- 5.2. Toowoomba Regional Council does not own or control the location of other underground infrastructure including but not limited to: Telstra, Ergon, National Broadband Network, and Energex.

6. Plan/Information

- 6.1. The enclosed plan/information covers Toowoomba Regional Council's underground infrastructure in the vicinity of proposed works. If this map does not cover the full extent of the area of proposed works please contact us on 131 TRC (131 872), Housing Connection Plans (HCP) for domestic (internal to the property boundary) sewer drainage infrastructure must be obtained separately from the Plumbing and Drainage section of the Toowoomba Regional Council by contacting 131 TRC (131 872). Fees and charges apply*. Location Information for water pipe connections from water meters to a dwelling/structure are not available.

7. Locating Underground Infrastructure

- 7.1. If you require further assistance locating Council's underground infrastructure, please contact 131 TRC (131 872) for more information.

8. Your Responsibility

- 8.1. Visually locate Toowoomba Regional Council underground infrastructure by hand digging where construction activities may damage or interfere with Toowoomba Regional Council underground infrastructure.
- 8.2. On receipt of plans/information, and before commencing works in the vicinity of Toowoomba Regional Council underground infrastructure, carefully locate the infrastructure by using the abovementioned method.
- 8.3. Council Parks and Recreation branch should be contacted on 131 TRC (131 872) to make arrangements to minimize damage to tree roots.
- 8.4. Other relevant authorities should be contacted for locating their infrastructure.
- 8.5. Notification should be given to residents affected by work before commencement.
- 8.6. If an electronic cable locator is used, hand excavation to the depth of the underground infrastructure must be done in advance to the use of excavators.
- 8.7. Any damage to Council's infrastructure must be promptly reported to Toowoomba Regional Council by phoning 131 TRC (131 872).
- 8.8. Any damage to council assets shall be repaired or reinstated by Toowoomba Regional Council at the applicants cost to the appropriate Council Standard.
- 8.9. Toowoomba Regional Council may elect to carry out rectification/reinstatement works itself because of public safety, continuity of service or for other reason(s). In such circumstances, the cost of such repairs will be recovered from the applicant.
- 8.10. For all work within 2.5 metres of nominal location, you are required to hand dig (pothole) and expose the underground infrastructure, proving its exact location before work can commence.

Where works impact on road users, a traffic control plan shall be submitted to Council for consideration prior to works commencing. Depending on the impact of such works, certain conditions may be imposed, i.e. Day/time of works.

For more information including inverts and size queries please refer to our Toowoomba Regional Council website (www.tr.qld.gov.au) and access the online maps section.

For Further Enquiries & Onsite Surface Locations for TRC underground infrastructure, please phone 131 TRC (131 872)

*Council's Fees and Charges can be accessed at www.tr.qld.gov.au or by calling 131 TRC (131 872)

This content was sent by email from Ergon QLD in response to your Before You Dig enquiry.

Original subject	Ergon - BYDA Sequence No: 273951640 Job No: 53326889 - 16 TODWANA COURT, GLENVALE
Original sender	EnergyQLD@ticketaccess.pcgcs.com.au
Received	03 Jun 2026 11:39:25am AEST

Assets found Before You Dig Australia (BYDA) Request

Please DO NOT SEND A REPLY to this email as it has been automatically generated and replies are not monitored.

The attached Plan details ERGON ENERGY NETWORK Assets in relation to Your nominated search area.

Ensure You read and understand the important notes outlined below.

You:	BYDA Enquiry No:
Soft Reg	273951640
Company:	Date of Response:
Pellicancorp Pty Ltd	03 Jun 2026
Search Location:	Period of Plan Validity:
16 TODWANA COURT GLENVALE, QLD 4350	4 Weeks
External Comments (if any):	
413187 46028252 [Contact:]	

WARNING: When working in the vicinity of ERGON ENERGY NETWORK's Assets You have a legal *Duty of Care* that must be observed.

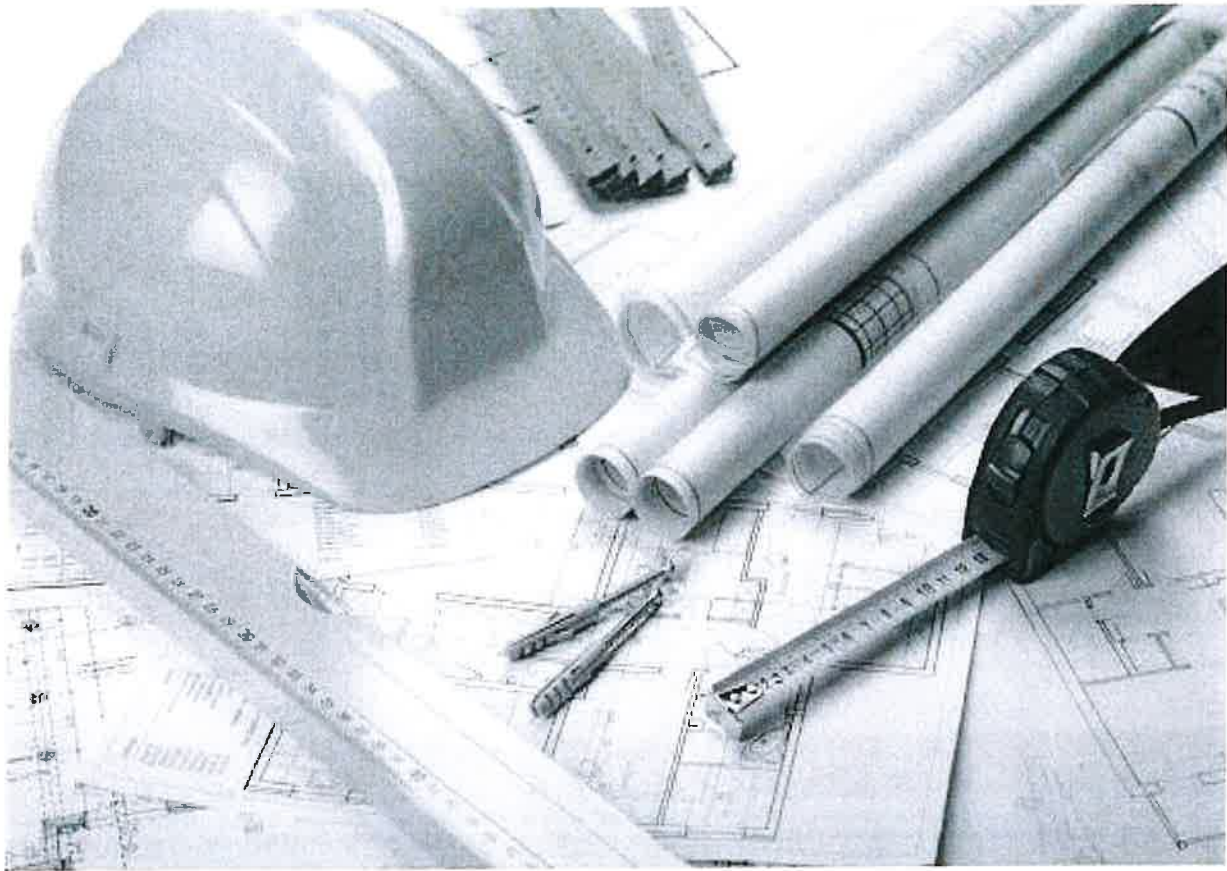
It is important that You note:

1. Immediately report life threatening emergencies to Emergency Services on 000 or to ERGON ENERGY NETWORK on **13 16 70**.
2. Please read and understand all the information and disclaimers provided - including the Terms and Conditions on the attached pages.
3. We have only searched the area which has been nominated in the request. If this nominated area is not what You require, please resubmit another enquiry with BYDA.
4. Plans provided by ERGON ENERGY NETWORK are only an indication of the presence of underground Assets within the nominated area. Locations provided are approximate and the plans are not suitable for scaling purposes, as exact ground cover and alignments cannot be provided. You must confirm the exact location of Assets by use of an electronic cable locator followed by careful, non-mechanical excavation (i.e. potholing).
5. Plans provided by ERGON ENERGY NETWORK do not encompass ERGON ENERGY NETWORK's overhead Assets.
6. ERGON ENERGY NETWORK, its servants or agents shall not be liable for any loss or damage caused or occasioned by the use of plans and details supplied pursuant to

PelicanCorp

Compiled with TicketAccess by PelicanCorp





Responsibilities – (When Working in the Vicinity of Ergon Energy Network Asset)

Extreme care must be taken during non-mechanical or mechanical excavation as damage to Ergon Energy Network underground Asset can lead to injury or death of workers or members of the public. Assets includes underground cables, conduits and other associated underground Asset used for controlling, generating, supplying, transforming or transmitting electricity.

A Person Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU) must ensure the person's business or undertaking is conducted in a way that is electrically safe. This includes:

- a) ensuring that all Assets used in the conduct of the person's business or undertaking is electrically safe;
- b) if the person's business or undertaking includes the performance of electrical work, ensuring the electrical safety of all persons and property likely to be affected by the electrical work; and
- c) if the person's business or undertaking includes the performance of work, whether or not electrical work, involving contact with, or being near to, exposed parts, ensuring persons performing the work are electrically safe.

In addition, a PCBU at a workplace must ensure, so far as is reasonably practicable, that no person, Asset or thing at the workplace comes within an unsafe distance of an underground electric line.

Workers and other persons must also take reasonable care for their own and other person's electrical safety. This includes complying, so far as is reasonably able, with any reasonable instructions given by Ergon Energy Network to ensure compliance with the Electrical Safety Act 2002

General enquiries (7:00am - 5:30pm Mon to Fri) 13 74 66
Life threatening emergencies 000 or 13 16 70

E: safetvadvice@ergon.com.au

E: byda@energyq.com.au ABN: 40 078 849 055

To re-submit or change the nominated search area please visit BYDA.com.au



Conditions – (When Working in the Vicinity of Ergon Energy Network Asset)

Records:

The first step before any excavation commences is to obtain records of Ergon Energy Network Assets in the vicinity of the work. For new work, records should be obtained during the planning and design stage. The records provided by Ergon Energy Network must be made available to all construction groups on site. Where Asset information is transferred to plans for the proposed work, care must be exercised to ensure that important detail is not lost in the process.

Plans and or details provided by Ergon Energy Network are current for four weeks from the date of dispatch and should be disposed of by shredding or any other secure disposal method after use. A new BYDA enquiry must be made for proposed works/activities to be undertaken outside of the four-week period.

Ergon Energy Network retains copyright of all plans and details provided in connection with Your request.

Ergon Energy Network plans or other details are provided for the use of the applicant, its servants, or agents, and shall not be used for any unauthorised purpose.

On receipt of BYDA plans and before commencing excavation work or similar activities near Ergon Energy Network's Assets, check to see that it relates to the area You have requested and carefully locate this Asset first to avoid damage. If You are unclear about any information contained in the plan, You must contact Ergon Energy Network on the General Enquiries number listed below for further advice.

Ergon Energy Network, its servants or agents shall not be liable for any loss or damage caused or occasioned by the use of plans and or details so supplied to the applicant, its servants and agents, and the applicant agrees to indemnify Ergon Energy Network against any claim or demand for any such loss or damage.

The constructor is responsible for all Asset damages when works commence prior to obtaining Ergon Energy Network plans, or failure to follow agreed instructions, or failure to demonstrate all reasonable measures were taken to prevent the damage once plans were received from Ergon Energy Network.

Ergon Energy Network reserves all rights to recover compensation for loss or damage caused by interference or damage, including consequential loss and damages to its cable network, or other property.

NOTE: Where Your proposed work location contains **ERGON ENERGY NETWORK** Underground cables please access the [ERGON ENERGY NETWORK BYDA Website](http://ERGON.ENERGY.NETWORK.BYDA.Website) for more information.

Location of Assets:

Examining the records is not sufficient, as reference points may change from the time of installation. Records must also be physically proven when working in close proximity to them. The exact location of Asset likely to be affected shall be confirmed by use of an electronic cable and pipe locator followed by **careful hand or vacuum excavation to the level of cable protection cover strips or conduits**. When conducting locations please be aware that **no unauthorised access is permitted to Ergon Energy Network Assets**— including Pits, Low Voltage Disconnection Boxes, Low Voltage Pillars or High Voltage Link Boxes.

Hand or vacuum excavation must be used in advance of excavators. In any case, where any doubt exists with respect to interpretation of cable records, You must contact Ergon Energy Network on the General Enquires number listed below for further advice.

If the constructor is unable to locate Ergon Energy Network underground Assets within 5 metres of nominal plan locations, they must contact the Ergon Energy Network General Enquires number listed below for further advice.

If unknown cables or conduits (i.e. not shown on issued BYDA plans) are located during excavation:

1. Call the **ELECTRICITY EMERGENCIES** number listed below
2. Treat cables as if alive, post a person to keep all others clear of the excavation until Ergon Energy Network crew attend to make safe.
3. All work in the vicinity of damaged Asset must cease and the area must be vacated until a clearance to continue work has been obtained from an Ergon Energy Network officer.

General enquiries (7:00am - 5:30pm Mon to Fri) 13 74 66
Life threatening emergencies 000 or [13 16 70](tel:131670)

E: safetyadvice@ergon.com.au

E: byda@energyq.com.au

ABN: 40 078 849 055

To re-submit or change the nominated search area please visit BYDA.com.au



Part of Energy Queensland

Heavy Machinery Operation Over Assets:

Where heavy "Crawler" or "Vibration" type machinery is operated over the top of Assets, a minimum cover of 450mm to the protective cover must be maintained using load bearing protection whilst the machinery is in operation. For sensitive Assets (i.e. 33 and 110kV fluid and gas filled cables), there may be additional constraints placed on vibration and settlement by Ergon Energy Network.

Directional Boring Near Cables:

When boring parallel to Assets, it is essential that trial holes are carefully hand or vacuum excavated at regular intervals to prove the actual location of the Assets before using boring machinery. Where it is required to bore across the line of Assets, the actual location of the Assets shall first be proven by hand or vacuum excavation. A trench shall be excavated 1m from the side of the Asset where the auger will approach to ensure a minimum clearance of 500mm above and below all LV, 11kV, 33kV & 110/132kV Assets shall be maintained.

Explosives:

Explosives must not be used within 10 metres of Assets, unless an engineering report is provided indicating that no damage will be sustained. Clearances should be obtained from Ergon Energy Network's Planning Engineer for use of explosives in the vicinity of Ergon Energy Network Assets.

Damage Reporting:

All damage to Assets must be reported no matter how insignificant the damage appears to be. Even very minor damage to Asset protective coverings can lead to eventual failure of Assets through corrosion of metal sheaths and moisture ingress.

If any Damaged Asset is found:

1. Call the ELECTRICITY EMERGENCIES number listed below
2. Treat cables as if alive, post a person to keep all others clear of the excavation until Ergon Energy Network crew attend to make safe.
3. All work in the vicinity of damaged Asset must cease and the area must be vacated until a clearance to continue work has been obtained from an Ergon Energy Network officer.

Solutions and Assistance:

If Asset location plans or visual location of Ergon Energy Network Asset by hand or vacuum excavation reveals that the location of Ergon Energy Network Asset is situated wholly or partly where the developer or constructor plans to work, then Ergon Energy Network shall be contacted to assist with Your development of possible engineering solutions.

If Ergon Energy Network relocation or protection works are part of the agreed solution, then payment to Ergon Energy Network for the cost of this work shall be the responsibility of the PCBU, principal developer or constructor. Ergon Energy Network will provide an estimated quotation for work on receipt of the PCBU's, developer's or constructor's order number before work proceeds.

It will be necessary for the developer or constructor to provide Ergon Energy Network with a written Safe Work Method Statement for all works in the vicinity of or involving Ergon Energy Network Asset. This Safe Work Method Statement should form part of the tendering documentation and work instruction. Refer Interactive Tool on Safe Work Australia site: Interactive SWMS guidance tool - Overview (safeworkaustralia.gov.au)

Vacuum Excavations (Hydro Vac)

When operating hydro vac equipment to excavate in vicinity of Assets (cables/conduits) fitted with:

- Nonconductive (neoprene rubber or equivalent) vacuum (suction) hose.
- Oscillating nozzle on pressure wand with water pressure adjusted to not exceeding 2000 Pound force per Square Inch (PSI)

Maintain a minimum distance of 200mm between end of pressure wand and underground electrical Assets. DO NOT insert the pressure wand jet directly into subsoil.

Ensure pressure wand is not directly aimed at underground electrical Assets (cables/conduits).

Safety Notices (Underground Work)

It is recommended that You obtain a written Safety Advice from ERGON ENERGY NETWORK when working close to Ergon Asset's. For Safety Advice please contact SafetyAdvice@energyq.com.au

Further information on Working Safely around Ergon Energy Network Assets: Working near powerlines | Ergon Energy

Thank You for Your interest in maintaining a safe and secure Electricity Distribution network.
Ergon Energy Network welcomes Your feedback on this document via email to byda@energyq.com.au

General enquiries (7:00am - 5:30pm Mon to Fri) 13 74 66
Life threatening emergencies 000 or 13 16 70

E: safetyadvice@ergon.com.au

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ABN: 40 078 849 055

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Electricity Entity Requirements - Working Near Overhead and Underground Electric Lines



CONTENTS

1. Purpose and Scope.....	3
2. Definitions, Abbreviations and Acronyms	3
3. References	4
4. About This Guide	5
4.1. Who does the Electrical Safety Code of Practice 2020 - Working Near Overhead and Underground Electric Lines and Electricity Entity Requirements apply to?	5
4.2. Are you working or planning to work near overhead or underground electric lines?	6
4.3. Obtaining Safety Advice	8
4.4. Authorised Person and how to become one?	9
4.5. Contacting Electricity Entity for Safety Advice or Authorised Person Enquiries	10
5. Overhead Electric Lines	10
5.1. Isolation of supply to customer installation to eliminate exclusion zone around LV service line	13
5.2. Operating Plant.....	13
5.3. Scaffolding Requirements	14
5.4. High Load transport under Overhead Electric Lines	16
5.5. Additional Details and Fact Sheets on Electricity Entity Requirements	17
6. Underground Electrical Assets	17
6.1. Responsibilities When Working in the Vicinity of Electricity Entity Underground Electrical Assets.....	17
6.2. Conditions of Supply of Information.....	18
6.3. When Working in the Vicinity of Electricity Entity Underground Electrical Assets, You Must Observe the Following Conditions	19
6.4. Additional Details and Fact Sheets on Electricity Entity Requirements	21
7. Excavation	22
7.1. Excavating near Poles and Stay Wires	22
7.2. Excavating Near Underground Electrical Assets	24
7.3. Blasting	25
8. Reporting Damage Caused to Overhead or Underground Electric Lines	25
9. Infrastructure near Electric Lines	26
9.1. Easements and Wayleaves	26
9.2. Contact Electricity Entity when planning construction work near electric lines	27
9.3. What clearances must be maintained once construction work is completed?	28
9.4. What about Electric and Magnetic Fields?	31

Electricity Entity Requirements - Working Near Overhead and Underground Electric Lines

Term	Definition
Instructed Person	For an electrical line, means a person who is acting under the supervision of an Authorised Person for the electrical line.
Safety Advice	A written notice identifying the known electrical hazards at a specific site and advising the control measures required to be implemented by Responsible Person (person responsible for worksite) to reduce the likelihood of harm to person, plant or vehicle at site.
Safety Observer	A safety observer or "spotter", for the operation of operating plant, means a person who: (a) observes the operating plant; and (b) advises the operator of the operating plant if it is likely that the operating plant will come within an exclusion zone for the operating plant for an overhead electric line. This is a person who has undergone specific training and is competent to perform the role in observing, warning and communicating effectively with the operator of the operating plant.
Untrained Person	For an electrical line, means a person who is not an Authorised Person or an Instructed Person for the electrical line.

3. REFERENCES

Electrical Safety Regulation 2013: Part 5 - Overhead and Underground Electric Lines

Electrical Safety Code of Practice 2020 - Working Near Overhead and Underground Electric Lines

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011

Energex: Safety Advice Request Form

Ergon Energy: Safety Advice Request Form

Copies of the relevant Acts, Regulation and Codes of Practice and any other relevant legislation can be found on the Queensland Government web site - <https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/>.

Disclaimer

This document refers to various standards, guidelines, calculations, legal requirements, technical details and other information and is not an exhaustive list of all safety matters that need to be considered.

Over time, changes in industry standards and legislative requirements, as well as technological advances and other factors relevant to the information contained in this document, may affect the accuracy of the information contained in this document. Whilst care is taken in the preparation of this material, Energex and Ergon Energy do not guarantee the accuracy and completeness of the information. Accordingly, caution should be exercised in relation to the use of the information in this document.

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Electricity Entity Requirements - Working Near Overhead and Underground Electric Lines



4.2. Are you working or planning to work near overhead or underground electric lines?

Electrical Safety Regulation Section 68 requires that before carrying out any work at a workplace where there is a risk of any person, plant or thing encroaching the exclusion zone of overhead electric lines, the person, worker or PCBU is required to ensure that the potential hazards are identified, a risk assessment conducted and the necessary control measures implemented to minimise electrical safety risks to ensure the safety of all workers and other persons at the workplace. The Electrical Safety Regulation 2013 and Electrical Safety Code of Practice 2020 - Working Near Overhead and Underground Electric Lines detail the Exclusion Zones that must be maintained.

4.2.1 Work near overhead electric lines

Where a risk assessment has been conducted and control measures implemented in accordance with requirement of Electrical Safety Code of Practice 2020 - Working Near Overhead and Underground Electric Lines and Electricity Entity Requirements (this document) and it has identified that exclusion zones from overhead electric lines cannot be maintained, the person, worker or PCBU is then required to contact Electricity Entity and request written Safety Advice (refer Section 4.3 below).

The person, worker or PCBU shall be required to maintain exclusion zones until such times as the Electricity Entity has provided written Safety Advice.

A person, worker or PCBU would not be required to contact the Electricity Entity and request a written Safety Advice where their risk assessment and implemented control measures ensure that exclusion zones from overhead electric lines will be maintained throughout performance of work to be undertaken at a particular site.

4.2.2 Exclusion Zones

An exclusion zone is a safety envelope around an overhead electric line. No part of a worker, operating plant or vehicle should enter an exclusion zone while the overhead electric line is energised (live).

Exclusion zones keep people, operating plant and vehicles a safe distance from energised overhead lines.

You must keep yourself and anything associated with the work activity out of the exclusion zone (e.g. a safe distance) unless it is not reasonably practicable to do so; and the person conducting a business or undertaking complies with the requirements of Section 68(2) of the Electrical Safety Regulation in relation to:

- conducting a risk assessment.
- implementing control measures
- adhering to any requirements of an Electricity Entity responsible for the line

Electricity Entity Requirements - Working Near Overhead and Underground Electric Lines

Exclusion Zone - Instructed Person and Authorised Person (distances in mm)

Nominal phase to phase Voltage of electric line	Instructed Person (IP) & Authorised Person (AP)		
	AP and IP	Operating Plant with Safety Observer or another Safe System of work	Operating of Vehicles
Insulated LV: Consultation with and verified by the Entity	No exclusion zone prescribed	No exclusion zone prescribed	No exclusion zone prescribed
LV	No exclusion zone prescribed	1000	600
>LV up to 33 kV	700	1200	700
>33 kV up to 50 kV	750	1300	750
>50 kV up to 66 kV	1000	1400	1000
>66 kV up to 110 kV		1800	
>110 up to 132	1200		1200
>132 kV up to 220 kV	1800	2400	1800
>220 kV up to 275 kV	2300	3000	2300
>275kV up to 330kV	3000	3700	3000

(information extracted from Electrical Safety Regulation 2013 Schedule 2)

4.2.3 Work near underground electrical lines (underground electrical assets)

Before carrying out any earthworks at a location, the person, worker or PCBU is required to ensure that the potential hazards are identified, a risk assessment conducted, and the necessary control measures implemented to minimise the risk of damaging identified or unidentified underground electrical assets and to ensure the safety of all workers and other persons at the workplace. The Electrical Safety Regulation 2013 and Electrical Safety Code of Practice 2020 - Working Near Overhead and Underground Electric Lines and Electricity Entity Requirements detail the requirement for work near underground electric lines.

4.3. Obtaining Safety Advice

To obtain written Safety Advice where identified as being required in Section 4.2.1 above, complete the Safety Advice Request Form which is accessible via the Electricity Entity website:

Energex: [Safety Advice Request Form](#)

Ergon Energy: [Safety Advice Request Form](#)

Electricity Entity Requirements - Working Near Overhead and Underground Electric Lines



- I. Safety Observing under schedule 2 of the *Electrical Safety Regulation 2013 (Qld)* for the operation of operating plant, after receiving appropriate training to perform the role.

An 'Authorised Person' Non-Electrical **must not**:

- a. confirm the insulation properties of Ergon Energy Network or Energex electric lines;
- b. work on or have direct contact with the works of an electricity entity (the works of Ergon Energy Network or Energex) including the entities' electrical lines, electrical installations, electrical equipment or other entity infrastructure unless specifically approved; or
- c. climb Ergon Energy Network or Energex electricity poles or other infrastructure.

An 'Authorised Person Non-Electrical' **is approved** to undertake the following activities:

- d. Safety Observing under schedule 2 of the *Electrical Safety Regulation 2013 (Qld)* for the operation of operating plant, after receiving appropriate training to perform the role.

Websites

Energex: [Authorised person | Energex](#)

Ergon Energy: [Authorised person | Ergon Energy](#)

4.5. Contacting Electricity Entity for Safety Advice or Authorised Person Enquiries

By phone: Call Electricity Entity on General Enquiries phone number:

Energex:

- General Enquiries - ph 13 12 53

Ergon Energy:

- General Enquiries - ph 13 74 66

By email

Authorised Persons: AuthorisedPerson@energyq.com.au

Safety Advice: SafetyAdvice@energyq.com.au

Websites

Energex: [Safety advice | Energex](#)

Ergon Energy: [Safety advice | Ergon Energy](#)

5. OVERHEAD ELECTRIC LINES

The following table sets out preparatory work options that may be required to be performed by the Electricity Entity (or electrical contractor where identified as being permitted who is an Authorised Person - Electrical) to assist a person, worker or PCBU in minimising the electrical safety risks of, encroaching within the exclusion zone or, contact with electric lines.

Category of work		Description	Costing arrangement
Safety Advice	Base information	Provide Safety Advice (Can only be performed by the Entity)	Nil cost to customer.

Electricity Entity Requirements - Working Near Overhead and Underground Electric Lines

Category of work		Description	Costing arrangement
		Service installations where: a. the consumer's mains cannot be insulated and an exclusion zone must be maintained, and b. the service cannot be isolated at the service fuse. Service to be isolated by breaking the service cable connection to the LV mains at the pole. Service fuse(s) to be installed at origin (pole end) of service prior to reconnection.	Nil cost to customer for first disconnection and reconnection. Cost to customer for subsequent requests.
	5. All other service replacements	Customer requested replacement of existing service with new XLPE service cable to classify as insulated service, in lieu of isolation, to allow work close (no exclusion zone prescribed e.g. no contact permitted). Service fuse(s) to be installed at origin (pole end) of service.	Cost to customer for service replacement. Customer responsible for necessary installation, Mains Connection Box and service support bracket upgrade and associated costs if required.
Tiger Tails	Installation of Tiger Tails (for visual indication only - not for providing electrical insulation of LV mains)	Customer requested coverage of LV mains for visual indication only (not permitted on HV mains). The Entity may also fit tiger tails to LV service line for visual indication only.	Cost to customer.
Aerial Markers	Installation of aerial marker flags or rota markers (for visual indication only)	Customer requested temporary or permanent installation of appropriate aerial marker devices on LV or HV mains.	Cost to customer.
Switching	Customer requested switching	Customer requested switching to allow customer/contractor to work close (no exclusion zone prescribed e.g. no contact permitted).	Cost to customer.

Electricity Entity Requirements - Working Near Overhead and Underground Electric Lines

Other control measures for operating plant may include, but are not restricted to:

- Constructing physical barriers or height warning indicators either side of the overhead electric line that are lower than the maximum travel height permissible without encroaching within the exclusion zone of the overhead electric line.
- Applying appropriate signage at least 8 to 10 m either side of overhead electric lines.
- Arrange for visual indicators such as Rota Markers, Tiger Tails or aerial markers to be fitted to the overhead electric lines - only erected by the Electricity Entity (tiger tails are only permitted on LV mains).
- Ground barriers, where appropriate.
- Informing workers of required work practices.
- Ensuring operators are aware of the height and reach of their machinery in both stowed and working positions.
- Lowering all machinery to the transport position when relocating.
- Providing workers with maps or diagrams showing the location of underground and overhead electric lines, and
- Where possible, directing work away from overhead electric lines not towards them.

5.3. Scaffolding Requirements

The following information provided is for guidance only and shall be read in conjunction with the Electrical Safety Regulation 2013, Electrical Safety Code of Practice 2020 - Working Near Overhead and Underground Electric Lines and AS/NZS 4576:1995: Guidelines for Scaffolding.

Requirements shall be complied with where scaffolding is required to be erected within 4 m of nearby overhead electric lines:

- The scaffolding shall not be erected before contacting and obtaining Safety Advice from the Electricity Entity.
- Erection of scaffolding to comply with requirements of AS/NZS 4576:1995: Guidelines for Scaffolding.

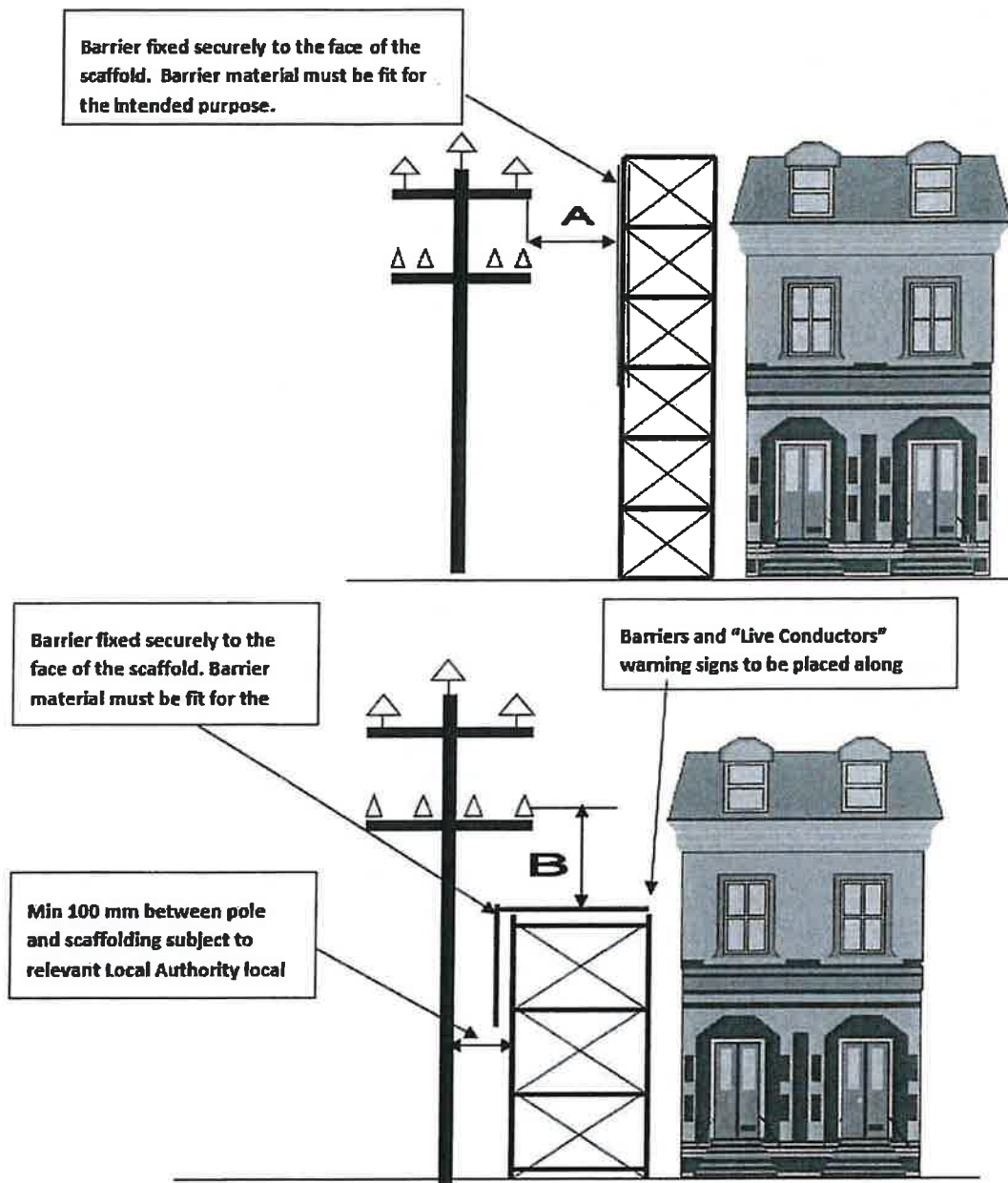
The scaffolding can be either:

- nonconductive material scaffolding; or
- metallic scaffolding with solid nonconductive barriers (with no gaps, holes or cuts) securely fixed to the outside and/or top of the scaffolding to prevent encroachment within exclusion zones or contact with the energised mains.

Where scaffolding is erected within 3 m of nearby overhead electric lines:

- It shall be fitted with fully enclosed non-conductive solid barriers to prevent encroachment within exclusion zones or contact with the energised mains fully enclosed.
- The person required to erect and/or disassemble scaffolding as well as the required solid barrier affixed to the scaffolding should be an Authorised Person (approved in writing by the Electricity Entity - refer requirements of Section 1.4 of this Reference).
- A Safety Observer shall be used during performance of this work where there is a risk of encroachment within 3 m of nearby energised overhead electric lines for voltages up to 33 kV. Additional requirements may apply for voltage levels above 33 kV, contact the Electricity Entity for consultation.

Electricity Entity Requirements - Working Near Overhead and Underground Electric Lines



5.4. High Load transport under Overhead Electric Lines

Any person or company transporting a High Load (load in excess of 4.6 m high) under overhead electric lines must comply with Electrical Safety Code of Practice 2020 - Working Near Overhead and Underground Electric Lines and is required to submit a Notification to Transport High Load form to the relevant Electricity Entity of the intended route and details of the high load involved. Before any person or company can transport a high load (load in excess of 4.6 m high), authorisation to travel must be received in writing from the Electricity Entity. Refer details below to contact the Electricity Entity for high load enquiries or to submit Notification to Transport High Load form:

Email: highloads@energyq.com.au

Phone: (07) 4932 7566 (7:30am to 3:00pm, Monday to Friday)

Electricity Entity Requirements - Working Near Overhead and Underground Electric Lines

hand tools) when earthworks activities may damage or interfere with Electricity Entity underground electrical assets. In no case should the constructor rely on statements of third parties in relation to the position of Electricity Entity underground electrical assets.

6.2. Conditions of Supply of Information

- Plans and details of Electricity Entity underground electrical assets provided by BYDA are only current for 4 weeks from the date of dispatch and should not be referred to after this period, if you go past this time, please re-apply to BYDA as underground services may have been updated.



- The Electricity Entity agrees to provide plans if an Electricity Entity underground electrical assets location request is made to Before You Dig Australia (BYDA), online at <https://www.byda.com.au> or the free iPhone Application, only on the basis that at least 2 business day notice is given and the BYDA applicant agrees to the terms of this agreement.

Note that the Electricity Entity only provides information on underground electrical assets it owns. Contact the owner of any privately owned underground electrical assets for details of their assets located at site.

- The Electricity Entity retains copyright of all plans and details provided in connection to your request.
- BYDA plans or other details are provided for the use of the BYDA applicant, its servants, or agents, for the sole purpose of the applicant's responsibilities in relation to the Electricity Entity underground electrical assets and shall not be used for any other purpose.
- BYDA plans are diagrams only and indicate the presence of Electricity Entity underground electrical assets in the general vicinity of the geographical area shown. Exact ground cover and alignments cannot be given with any certainty as such levels can change over time.
- On receipt of BYDA plans and before commencing excavation work or similar activities near Electricity Entity's underground electrical assets, carefully locate this plant first to avoid damage.
- The Electricity Entity, its servants or agents shall not be liable for any loss or damage caused or occasioned by the use of plans and of details so supplied to the BYDA applicant, its servants or agents, and the BYDA applicant agrees to indemnify the Electricity Entity against any claim or demand for any such loss or damage to the BYDA applicant, its servants, or agents or to any third party.
- The constructor is responsible for all damages to the Electricity Entity underground electrical assets when work commences prior to obtaining BYDA plans, or at any time after that for failure to follow agreed instructions contained in this document or any other advice provided by the Electricity Entity.
- By undertaking any work, you acknowledge that the Electricity Entity reserves all rights to recover compensation for loss or damage to the Electricity Entity caused by interference or damage, including consequential loss and damage to its cable network, or other property.
- Be aware that some underground conduits may contain asbestos. Refer to "Code of Practice for the Management and Control of Asbestos in Workplace [NOHSC: 2018 (2005)]" for guidance.

Electricity Entity Requirements - Working Near Overhead and Underground Electric Lines

is still responsible for non-mechanical excavation (potholing using hydrovac or hand tools) to visually locate Electricity Entity underground electrical assets.

- If the constructor is unable to locate Electricity Entity underground electrical assets within 2.5 m of nominal plan locations, they should contact Electricity Entity (General Enquiries phone number - refer page 3) to request further advice.

6.3.4 Electrical Cables

Electricity Entity cables may have warning covers e.g.:

- Clay paving bricks or tiles marked "Electricity" or similar (also unmarked)
- Concrete or PVC cover slabs
- PVC, asbestos or fibro conduit, fibre reinforced concrete, iron or steel pipe
- Concrete encased PVC or steel pipe
- Thin plastic marker tape
- Large pipes housing multiple ducts
- Multiple duct systems, including earthenware or concrete

NOTE: Some cables are known to be buried without covers.

6.3.5 Separation from Electricity Entity underground electrical assets

If location plans or visual location of Electricity Entity underground electrical assets by non-mechanical excavation (potholing using hydrovac or hand tools) reveals that the location of Electricity Entity underground electrical assets is situated where the developer or constructor plans to work, then contact the Electricity Entity (General Enquiries phone number - refer page 3) for further advice.

The developer or constructor shall ensure that minimum separation distance from Electricity Entity underground electrical assets (refer Minimum Separation Requirements tables below) is complied with when installing, altering or repairing other underground services located in the vicinity.

If the Electricity Entity relocation or protection works are part of the agreed solution, then payment to the Electricity Entity for the cost of this work shall be the responsibility of the principal developer or constructor. The Electricity Entity will provide an estimate for work on receipt of the developer's or constructor's order number before work proceeds.

It will be necessary for the developer or constructor to provide the Electricity Entity with a written Work Method Statement for all works in the vicinity of, or involving Electricity Entity underground electrical assets. This Work Method Statement should form part of the tendering documentation and work instruction. All Work Method Statements shall be submitted to the Electricity Entity prior to the commencement of site earthworks.

Electricity Entity Requirements - Working Near Overhead and Underground Electric Lines



7. EXCAVATION

7.1. Excavating near Poles and Stay Wires

The following requirements are to be compiled with to minimise the risk of compromising the structural integrity of the Electricity Entity poles and stay foundations when excavation or trenching work is performed nearby that could result in the failure of one or more poles and grounding of supported electric lines.

- Excavation and trenching work undertaken by a person, worker or PCBU in the vicinity of poles and stay foundations shall:
 - only be commenced after requirements of Section 3 have been complied with for any underground electrical assets located within the work site.
 - upon completion of excavation and site earthworks do not restrict the Electricity Entity vehicle access to pole site for purpose of carrying out maintenance activities.
 - comply with exclusion zones as detailed in the Electrical Safety Code of Practice 2020 - Working Near Overhead and Underground Electric Lines.
 - not be attempted:
 - within 5 m (horizontal distance) of pole stays where the excavation depth is greater than 250 mm before contacting the Electricity Entity to determine requirements.
 - within 5 m (horizontal distance) of Electricity Entity poles with earth leads or cables running down into the ground before contacting the Electricity Entity to determine requirements.
 - within "Do Not Disturb" zone of pole prior to a certified engineering assessment having been completed by a Registered Professional Engineer Queensland, and then reviewed and approved by the Electricity Entity before proceeding with work. Approval by the Electricity Entity shall not relieve the PCBU of its duties to perform the work in a safe and proper manner and in accordance with all applicable legislation.
 - if the soil is exceedingly wet (saturated) or there is more than minimal wind loading unless additional pole support is provided in accordance with certified engineering assessment and approved by Electricity Entity.
 - when a severe weather event is occurring or expected (e.g. severe weather warning has been issued by Bureau of Meteorology).
- be backfilled as soon as possible (within same day where pole is required to be supported) soil mechanically compacted in layers of 150 mm and all rock and vegetable material excluded from the backfill.
- be backfilled and pole stabilised before removal of additional support required by a certified engineering assessment are permitted to be removed.

The PCBU shall be responsible for arrangement and costs of required certified engineering assessments, approvals by other regulatory bodies (eg councils, Main Roads, pipeline owners, telecommunication owners) and placement and removal of associated pole supporting equipment.

Electricity Entity poles must not be fitted with non-approved pole holding devices.

Only approved mechanical holding devices (e.g. Proline, Borer Lifter, etc) used in accordance with a certified engineering assessment are permitted and shall be:

- only attached and removed by the Electricity Entity or persons approved by the Electricity Entity.

Electricity Entity Requirements - Working Near Overhead and Underground Electric Lines

- Direction of pole lean.
- Pole inspection (conducted to meet the Electricity Entity's requirements at customer cost)
- Pole foundation depth
- Proximity of excavation in relation to pole
- Soil condition
- Proposed shoring methods as well as installation and removal process
- Duration and staging of work
- Requirement to independently support pole during work
- Proximity of existing adjacent underground services and excavations
- Proposed backfilling and reinstatement method
- Monitoring and engineering/ geotechnical supervision during excavation work progress
- Other equipment attached to pole (e.g. underground cables, transformer, ACR, ABS.) must be taken into consideration and in some circumstances will prevent the pole being supported.

7.2. Excavating Near Underground Electrical Assets

For all work within 2.5 m of nominal location, the constructor is required to use non-mechanical excavation (potholing using hydrovac or hand tools) and expose the underground electrical assets, hence proving its exact location before earthworks can commence.

7.2.1 Excavating Parallel to Underground Electrical Assets

If excavation work is parallel to the Electricity Entity underground electrical cables, then non mechanical excavation (potholing using hydrovac or hand tools) at least every 4 m is required to establish the location of all cables, hence confirming nominal locations before work can commence. If an excavation exceeds the depth of the cables and it is likely that the covers or bedding material around the cables/pipes will move causing Electricity Entity cables or conduits to be unsupported, contact Electricity Entity (General Enquiries phone number - refer page 3) for further advice.

NOTE: Be aware that cable depths and directions may change suddenly along the route.

7.2.2 Excavating Across Underground Electrical Assets

Refer Minimum Separation Requirements table in Section 6.3.5 of this document for distances that shall be maintained to prevent inadvertent contact with or damage to underground electrical assets. If the width or depth of excavation is such that the Electricity Entity cables will be unsupported, contact Electricity Entity (General Enquiries phone number - refer page 3) for further advice. In no case shall a cable cover be removed without approval. A cable cover may only be replaced under the supervision of an Electricity Entity officer. Protective cover strips when removed must be replaced under Electricity Entity supervision. Under no circumstances shall protective cover strips be omitted to achieve the minimum separation distance required between Electricity Entity cables and other underground services.

7.2.3 Heavy Machinery Operation Over Underground Electrical Assets

Where heavy "crawler" or "vibration" type machinery is operated over the top of cables, a minimum cover of 450 mm to the cable protective cover must be maintained. Alternatively, subject to a Certified Engineering Assessment, use load bearing protection whilst the machinery is in operation.

Electricity Entity Requirements - Working Near Overhead and Underground Electric Lines



9. INFRASTRUCTURE NEAR ELECTRIC LINES

9.1. Easements and Wayleaves

This information, whilst not a legal document, has been developed to assist the community in answering some commonly asked questions about our easements and wayleaves, and briefly outlines what you can do where land is affected by an easement or where consent to installing electrical infrastructure has been given.

9.1.1 What is an Electricity Easement?

An electricity easement is the authority held by the Electricity Entity to use your land near overhead and underground electric lines and substations (electrical assets). Electricity Entity holds this authority for your own safety and to allow employees access to electrical assets at all times. Whilst it will depend on the terms of the particular grant of easement, electrical easements generally give the Electricity Entity the right to access, maintain, repair, rebuild and to restrict development within a defined area.

The easement, which is registered on the property's title, contains a plan showing the dimensions of the easement and its location on the property together with the rights and restrictions over the easement area. The Department of Natural Resources and Mines <https://www.resources.qld.gov.au/> or your solicitor will be able to provide this information. Easements may also exist for telephone lines, water and sewage mains and natural gas supply lines.

9.1.2 Why are easements necessary?

Easements are also created to allow the Electricity Entity clear, 24 hour access to the electric lines. It is important to keep the easement clear at all times so regular maintenance, line upgrades, damage or technical faults can be attended to immediately to provide a safe and reliable supply of electricity. Interference with Electricity Entity's rights and electrical equipment may compromise safety of the public and the occupiers of the property. Therefore, it is essential that Electricity Entity's rights are understood and observed.

9.1.3 How do I know if there are easements on my property?

Contact your solicitor or The Department of Natural Resources and Mines to obtain a Title Search that shows all registered easements on the property.

9.1.4 Who owns the land the easement is on?

The ownership of that land encumbered with the easement remains with the property owner.

9.1.5 How does an easement affect what I can do with my property?

An easement controls what you can build, what size trees you can plant and what outdoor activities you can carry out in the easement area.

An easement affects the use of the property by limiting the development that can be undertaken within the easement area. The exact rights granted to an Electricity Entity under an electricity easement will depend on the wording used in the grant of easement. Property owners and occupiers should also be aware that an Electricity Entity has the right of access to land to undertake certain works (including reading meters and disconnecting supply). These rights of access are granted by Queensland legislation not the easement and so may not be registered on the property's title and therefore may not be revealed in a Title Search.

Electricity Entity Requirements - Working Near Overhead and Underground Electric Lines



There is an obligation to notify the Electricity Entity, before any work starts, where work is likely to involve a building or other structure coming within clearance requirements for an overhead or underground electric line.

Where it is necessary for an Electricity Entity to relocate electric lines due to statutory clearance breach caused by work performed nearby, the Electricity Entity may be entitled to recover costs from the PCBU, property owner or occupier who caused the breach. Refer Electrical Safety Regulation 2013, Section 209 Building or adding to structure near electric lines.

Although it is preferred that the area around Electricity Entity electrical assets (including within an Easement area) is free of development, the following examples provide property owners and occupiers with an indication of what type of development is acceptable and what is not.

NOTE: Do not assume that your local council approval is sufficient approval for you to proceed with your work. The local council may not check whether or not your proposed construction work will comply with the Electricity Entity's statutory clearance requirements.

9.3. What clearances must be maintained once construction work is completed?

Electrical Safety Regulation 2013, Schedule 4 - Clearance of overhead electric lines and Schedule 5 - Clearance of low voltage overhead service lines detail the statutory clearances that must be maintained from overhead electric lines for completed buildings and structures. These statutory clearances will need to be taken into consideration during the planning phase of determining the location for a building or structure. The table below sets out the minimum statutory clearances required for voltage levels up to 33 kV. Additional requirements may apply for voltage levels above 33 kV, contact the Electricity Entity for consultation.

Where the Electricity Entity has identified a breach of statutory clearance resulting from erection of a building or structure, the statutory breach will be reportable to the Electrical Safety Office as a Dangerous Electrical Event and any costs incurred in subsequent remedial work to achieve required statutory clearances may be recovered from the person or company who caused the breach of statutory clearance.

Electricity Entity Requirements - Working Near Overhead and Underground Electric Lines

The following list of examples is not exhaustive, and it may be necessary to contact the Electricity Entity if doubt exists as to what is permitted around electricity assets.

<i>What is PERMITTED around Electricity Entity overhead or underground electric lines</i>	<i>What is NOT PERMITTED around Electricity Entity overhead or underground electric lines</i>
✓ Erection of fences to a maximum height of 2.4 m is generally acceptable, provided they do not affect access to, and work on, the poles, electric lines and/or cables. Trees, shrubs and plants should be located clear of vehicle access. Note: Maximum Growth Height of 3 m. ✓ Clothes hoists and barbecues should be located clear of the vehicle access way. Note: Maximum Height 2.5 m. ✓ Installation of underground utility services, such as low voltage electricity, gas, telephone and water, is generally acceptable, subject to clearances from Electricity Entity poles and supporting structures, and underground electric mains. ✓ Excavating, filling and altering of nearby land may be acceptable but full details need to be provided to the Electricity Entity for assessment. ✓ Vehicles, mobile plant and equipment within the easement area need to maintain the minimum statutory clearances distances from overhead electric lines. Normal farming, grazing and other agricultural activities can be carried out. Take care when ploughing or operating mobile machinery or irrigation equipment near Electricity Entity's equipment. ✓ Parking of vehicles, trucks, trailers, etc. is normally allowed. Note: Maximum Load and Aerial Height of 4 m. Barriers of an approved design (e.g. bollards) may be required to protect poles from vehicle contact damage. Heavy vehicle or operating plant crossings may need a protective concrete cover to ensure underground cables are not damaged.	✗ Build houses, sheds, garages or other large structures. Building of roofed/unroofed verandas, swimming pools and pergolas are generally not acceptable. ✗ Flying kites or model aircraft within the easement. ✗ Driving fence posts or stakes into ground within easements where there is underground cabling. ✗ Storing liquids such as petrol, diesel fuel, or any flammable or combustible material that will burn. ✗ Installing lighting poles. ✗ Stockpiling soil or garbage within the easement. ✗ Planting trees in large quantities that could create a fire hazard or that grow in excess of the approved maximum height of 3 m. ✗ Storing or using explosives. ✗ Residing in or occupying any caravan or mobile home within an easement. ✗ Placing obstructions within the vicinity of any Electricity Entity assets (e.g. power pole, overhead electric line, equipment or pole stay) that impede access to or work on these assets.

This content was sent by email from Telstra QLD Regional in response to your Before You Dig enquiry.

Original subject	DBYD JOB: 53326889 SEQ: 273951642 - 16 TODWANA COURT, GLENVALE QLD 4350
Original sender	TAMS@dominoapp.in.telstra.com.au
Received	03 Jun 2026 11:43:24am AEST

Attention: Soft Reg

Site Location: 16 TODWANA COURT, GLENVALE, QLD 4350

Your Job Reference: ITJOB196392635

Please do not reply to this email, this is an automated message -

Thank you for requesting Telstra information via Before You Dig Australia (BYDA).

This response contains Telstra information relating to your recent BYDA request.

Please refer to all enclosed attachments for more information.

Information for opening Telstra Asset Plans as well as some other useful contact information is noted in the attached documents.

Report Damage to Telstra Equipment: Report damages to Telstra equipment - Telstra

Please note:

When working in the vicinity of telecommunications plant you have a 'Duty of Care' that must be observed.

Ensure you read all documents (attached) - they contain important information.

Please also refer to the **Before you Dig Australia - BEST PRACTISE GUIDES** and **The five Ps of safe excavation**

<https://www.byda.com.au/before-you-dig/best-practice-guides/>, The essential steps that must be undertaken prior to commencing construction activities.

WARNING: Telstra plans and location information conform to Quality Level 'D' of the Australian Standard AS 5488 - Classification of Subsurface Utility Information. As such, Telstra supplied location information is indicative only. Spatial accuracy is not applicable to Quality Level D. Refer to AS 5488 for further details. The exact position of Telstra assets can only be validated by physically exposing them. Telstra does not warrant or hold out that its plans are accurate and accepts no responsibility for any inaccuracy. Further on site investigation is required to validate the exact location of Telstra assets prior to commencing work. A Certified Locating Organisation is an essential part of the process to validate the exact location of Telstra assets and to ensure the assets are protected during construction works.

See the **Before You Dig Australia - BEST PRACTISE GUIDES** and **The five Ps of safe excavation**

<https://www.byda.com.au/before-you-dig/best-practice-guides/>.

Please note that:

- It is a criminal offence under the *Criminal Code Act 1995* (Cth) to tamper or interfere with telecommunications infrastructure.
- Telstra will take action to recover compensation for damage caused to property and assets, and for interference with the operation of Telstra's networks and customers' services.

Telstra's plans contain Telstra's confidential information and are provided on the basis that they are used solely for identifying the location or vicinity of Telstra's infrastructure to avoid damage to this infrastructure occurring as part of any digging or other excavation activity. You must not use Telstra's plans for any other purpose or in a way that will cause Telstra loss or damage and you must comply with any other terms of access to the data that have been provided to you by Telstra (including Conditions of Use or Access).

(See attached file: *Telstra Duty of Care v32.0c.pdf*)

(See attached file: *Telstra Map Legend v4_0c.pdf*)

(See attached file: *AccreditedPlantLocators 2025-01-08a.pdf*)

Before You Dig Australia

Think before you dig

This document has been sent to you because you requested plans of the Telstra network through Before You Dig Australia (BYDA).

If you are working or excavating near telecommunications cables, or there is a chance that cables are located near your site, you are responsible to avoid causing damage to the Telstra network.

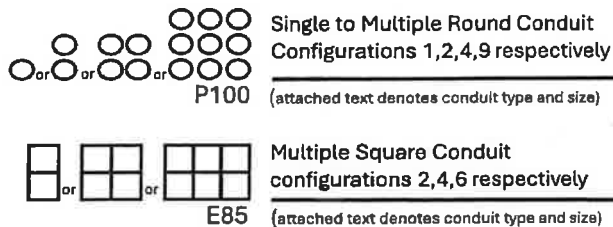
Please read this document carefully. Taking your time now and following the BYDA's **Best Practices and 5 Ps of Safe Excavation** <https://www.byda.com.au/before-you-dig/best-practice-guides/>

can help you avoid damaging our network, interrupting services, and potentially incurring civil and criminal penalties.

Our network is complex and working near it requires expert knowledge. Do not attempt these activities if you are not qualified to do so.

LEGEND

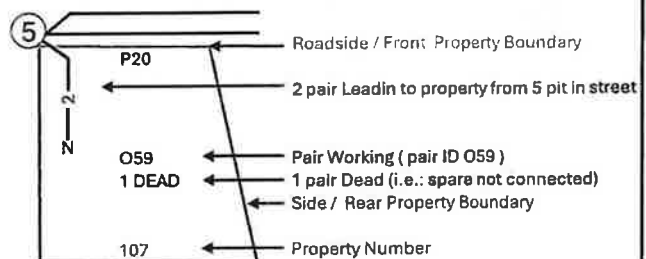
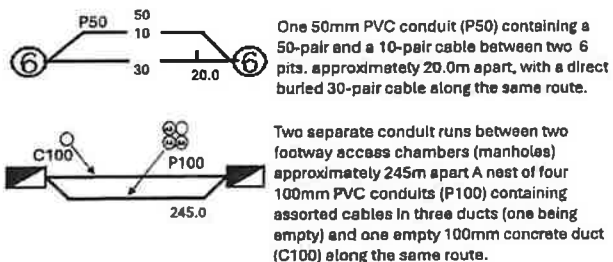
	Lead-in terminations at a Customer Address		Cable Joining Pit Number / Letter indicating Pit type/size
	Exchange Major Cable Present		Elevated Joint (above ground joint on buried cable)
	Pillar / Cabinet Above ground Free Standing		Telstra Plant in shared Utility trench
	Above ground Complex Equipment Please note: Powered by 240v electricity		Aerial cable / or cable on wall
OC	Other Carrier Telecommunication Cable/ Asset. Not Telstra Owned		Aerial cable (attached to joint use Pole e.g., Power Pole)
DIST	Distribution cables in Main Cable Ducts		Marker Post Installed
MC	Main Cable ducts on a Distribution Plan		Buried Transponder
	Blocked or Damaged Duct		Marker Post & Transponder
	Footway Access Chamber (can vary between 1-lid to 12-lid)		Optical Fibre Cable Direct Buried
	NBN Pillar		Direct Buried Cable
	Third Party Owned Network Non-Telstra		nbn owned network



Some examples of conduit type and size:

A - Asbestos cement, P - PVC / Plastic, C - Concrete, GI - Galvanised Iron, E - Earthenware
Conduit sizes nominally range from 20mm to 100mm
P50 50mm PVC conduit
P100 100mm PVC conduit
A100 100mm asbestos cement conduit

Some Examples of how to read Telstra Plans



The 5 Ps of Safe Excavation

<https://www.byda.com.au/before-you-dig/best-practice-guides/>

Plan

Plan your job. Use the BYDA service at least one day before your job is due to begin, and ensure you have the correct plans and information required to carry out a safe project.

Prepare

Prepare by communicating with asset owners if you need assistance. Look for clues onsite. Engage a Certified Locator.

Pothole

Potholing is physically sighting the asset by hand digging or hydro vacuum extraction.

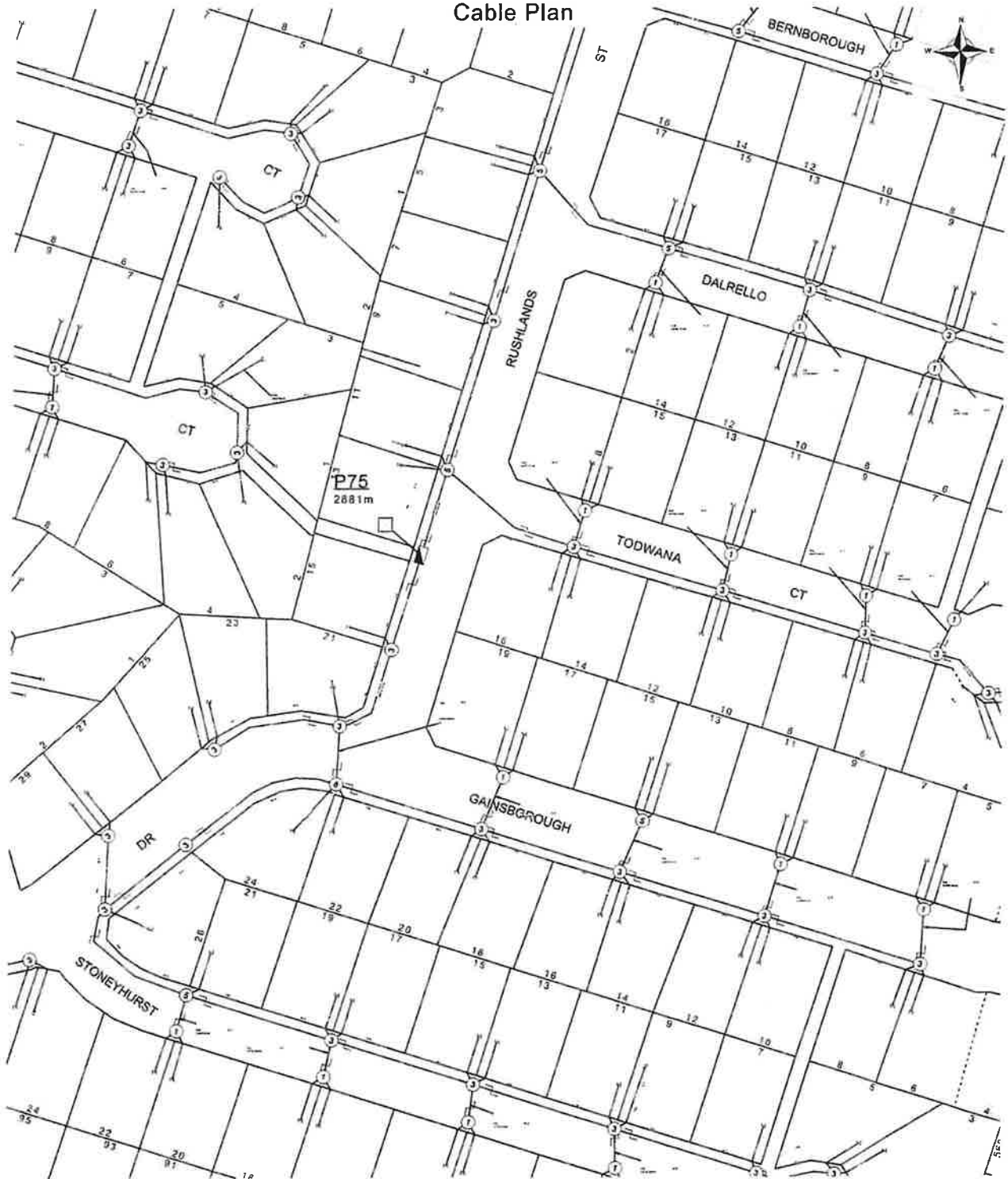
Protect

Protecting and supporting the exposed infrastructure is the responsibility of the excavator. Always erect safety barriers in areas of risk and enforce exclusion zones.

Proceed

Only proceed with your excavation work after planning, preparing, potholing (unless prohibited), and having protective measures in place.

Cable Plan



Report Damage: <https://service.telstra.com.au/customer/general/forms/report-damage-to-telstra>
Ph - 13 22 03
Email - Telstra.Plans@team.telstra.com
Planned Services - ph 1800 653 935 (AEST bus hrs only) General Enquiries

TELSTRA LIMITED A.C.N. 086 174 781

Generated On 03/06/2026 11:42:14

Sequence Number: 273951642

Please read Duty of Care prior to any excavating

The above plan must be viewed in conjunction with the Mains Cable Plan on the following page

WARNING

Telstra plans and location information conform to Quality Level "D" of the Australian Standard AS 5488-Classification of Subsurface Utility Information.

As such, Telstra supplied location information is indicative only. Spatial accuracy is not applicable to Quality Level D.

Refer to AS 5488 for further details. The exact position of Telstra assets can only be validated by physically exposing it.

Telstra does not warrant or hold out that its plans are accurate and accepts no responsibility for any inaccuracy.

Further on site investigation is required to validate the exact location of Telstra plant prior to commencing construction work.

A Certified Locating Organisation is an essential part of the process to validate the exact location of Telstra assets and to ensure the asset is protected during construction works.

See the Steps- Telstra Duty of Care that was provided in the email response.

This content was sent by email from NBN Co Qld in response to your Before You Dig enquiry.

Original subject	DBYD JOB:53326889 SEQ:273951639 - 16 TODWANA COURT , GLENVALE , QLD , 4350 email(1/1)
Original sender	DONOTREPLY@nbnco.com.au
Received	03 Jun 2026 12:07:07pm AEST

Hi Soft Reg,

Please find attached the response to your DBYD referral for the address mentioned in the subject line.

The location shown in our DBYD response is assumed based off the information you have provided. If the location shown is different to the location of the excavation then this response will consequently be rendered invalid.

Take the time to read the response carefully and note that this information is only valid for 28 days after the date of issue.

If you have any further enquiries, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Regards,

Network Services and Operations

NBN Co Limited

P: 1800626329

E: dbyd@nbnco.com.au

www.nbnco.com.au

Confidentiality and Privilege Notice

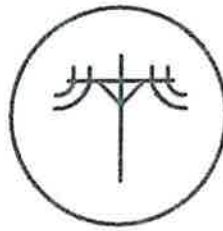
This e-mail is intended only to be read or used by the addressee. It is confidential and may contain legally privileged information. If you are not the addressee indicated in this message (or responsible for delivery of the message to such person), you may not copy or deliver this message to anyone, and you should destroy this message and kindly notify the sender by reply e-mail. Confidentiality and legal privilege are not waived or lost by reason of mistaken delivery to you. Any views expressed in this message are those of the individual sender, except where the sender specifically states them to be the views of NBN Co Limited

Please Do Not Reply To This Mail

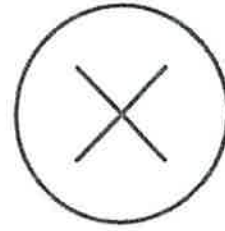
Working near **nbn**TM cables



Identify all electrical hazards, assess the risks and establish control measures.



When using excavators and other machinery, also check the location of overhead power lines.



Workers and equipment must maintain safety exclusion zones around power lines.

Once all work is completed, the excavation should be re-instated with the same type of excavated material unless specified by **nbn**. Please note:

- Construction Partners of **nbn** may require additional controls to be in place when performing excavation activities.
- The information contained within this pamphlet must be used in conjunction with other material supplied as part of this request for information to adequately control the risk of potential asset damage.

Contact

All **nbn**TM network facility damages must be reported online [here](#).
For enquiries related to your DBYD request please call 1800 626 329.

Disclaimer

This brochure is a guide only. It does not address all the matters you need to consider when working near our cables. You must familiarise yourself with other material provided (including the Referral Conditions) and make your own inquiries as appropriate. **nbn** will not be liable or responsible for any loss, damage or costs incurred as a result of reliance on this brochure.

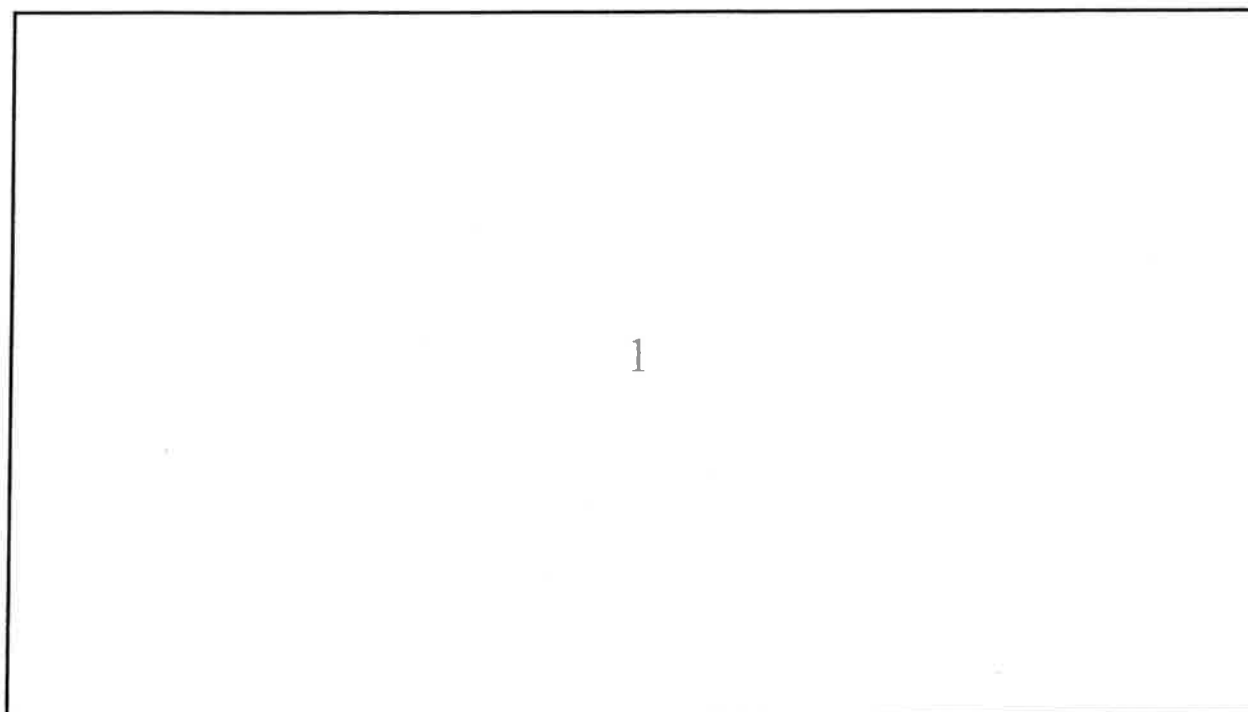
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To: Soft Reg
Phone: Not Supplied
Fax: Not Supplied
Email: Soft.Reg.3576757@mail.au.pac.pcgcs.com.au

Dial before you dig Job #:	53326889	
Sequence #	273951639	
Issue Date:	03/06/2026	
Location:	16 TODWANA COURT , GLENVALE , QLD , 4350	

Indicative Plans are tiled below to demonstrate how to layout and read nbn asset plans



	Occupational Health and Safety Act 1991
NSW	Electricity Supply Act 1995
	Work Cover NSW - Work Near Underground Assets Guide
	Work Cover NSW - Excavation Work: Code of Practice
VIC	Electricity Safety Act 1998
	Electricity Safety (Network Asset) Regulations 1999
QLD	Electrical Safety Act 2002
	Code of Practice for Working Near Exposed Live Parts
SA	Electricity Act 1996
TAS	Tasmanian Electricity Supply Industry Act 1995
WA	Electricity Act 1945
	Electricity Regulations 1947
NT	Electricity Reform Act 2005
	Electricity Reform (Safety and Technical) Regulations 2005
ACT	Electricity Act 1971

Thank You,

nbn BYDA

Date: 03/06/2026

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Copyright © 2021 nbn co Limited. All rights reserved.

We thank you for your enquiry. In relation to your enquiry at the above address:

- **nbn's** records indicate that there **ARE nbn™** Facilities in the vicinity of the location identified above ("Location").
- **nbn** indicative plan/s are attached with this notice ("Indicative Plans").
- The Indicative Plan/s show general depth and alignment information only and are not an exact, scale or accurate depiction of the location, depth and alignment of **nbn™** Facilities shown on the Plan/s.
- In particular, the fact that the Indicative Plans show that a facility is installed in a straight line, or at uniform depth along its length cannot be relied upon as evidence that the facility is, in fact, installed in a straight line or at uniform depth.
- You should read the Indicative Plans in conjunction with this notice and in particular, the notes below.
- You should note that, at the present time, the Indicative Plans are likely to be more accurate in showing location of fibre optics and telecommunications cables than power cables. There may be a variation between the line depicted on the Indicative Plans and the location of any power cables. As such, consistent with the notes below, particular care must be taken by you to make your own enquiries and investigations to precisely locate any power cables and manage the risk arising from such cables accordingly.
- The information contained in the Indicative Plan/s is valid for 28 days from the date of issue set out above. You are expected to make your own inquiries and perform your own investigations (including engaging appropriately qualified plant locators, e.g BYDA Certified Locators, at your cost to locate **nbn™** Facilities during any activities you carry out on site).

We thank you for your enquiry and appreciate your continued use of the Before You Dig Australia Service. For any enquiries related to moving assets or Planning and Design activities, please visit the **nbn Commercial Works** website to complete the online application form. If you are planning to excavate and require further information, please email dbyd@nbnco.com.au or call 1800 626 329.

Notes:

1. You are now aware that there are **nbn™** Facilities in the vicinity of the above property that could be damaged as a result activities carried out (or proposed to be carried out) by you in the vicinity of the Location.
2. You should have regard to section 474.6 and 474.7 of the *Criminal Code Act 1995* (CoA) which deals with the consequences of interfering or tampering with a telecommunications facility. Only persons authorised by **nbn** can interact with **nbn's** network facilities.
3. Any information provided is valid only for **28 days** from the date of issue set out above.

Referral Conditions

The following are conditions on which **nbn** provides you with the Indicative Plans. By accepting the plans, you are agreeing to these conditions. These conditions are in addition, and not in replacement of, any duties and obligations you have under applicable law.

1. **nbn** does not accept any responsibility for any inaccuracies of its plans including the Indicative Plans. You are expected to make your own inquiries and perform your own investigations (including engaging appropriately qualified plant locators, e.g BYDA Certified Locators, at your cost to locate **nbn™** Facilities during any activities you carry out on site).
2. You acknowledge that **nbn** has specifically notified you above that the Indicative Plans are likely to be more accurate in showing location of fibre optics and telecommunications cables than power cables. There may be a variation between the line depicted on the Indicative Plans and the location of any power cables.
3. You should not assume that **nbn™** Facilities follow straight lines or are installed at uniform depths



Emergency Contacts

You must immediately report any damage to the **nbn™** network that you are/become aware of.
Notification may be by telephone - 1800 626 329.



LEGEND



	Parcel and the location
	Pit with size "5"
	Power Pit with size "2E". Valid PIT Size: e.g. 2E, 3E, 6E, 8E, 9E, E, null.
	Manhole
	Pillar
2 PO - T- 25.0m P40 - 20.0m	Cable count of trench is 2. One "Other size" PVC conduit (PO) owned by Telstra (-T-), between pits of sizes, "5" and "9" are 25.0m apart. One 40mm PVC conduit (P40) owned by NBN, between pits of sizes, "5" and "9" are 20.0m apart.
2 10.0m	2 Direct buried cables between pits of sizes, "5" and "9" are 10.0m apart.
	Trench containing any INSERVICE/CONSTRUCTED (Copper/RF/Fibre) cables.
	Trench containing only DESIGNED/PLANNED (Copper/RF/Fibre/Power) cables.
	Trench containing any INSERVICE/CONSTRUCTED (Power) cables.
BROADWAY ST	Road and the street name "Broadway ST"
Scale	0 20 40 60 Meters 1:2000 1 cm equals 20 m